



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR



**AO6602**

## Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

### General Description

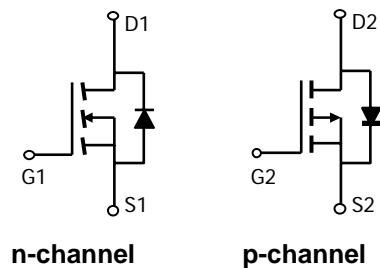
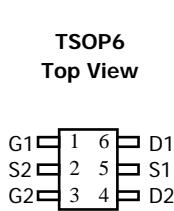
The AO6602 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs form a high-speed power inverter, suitable for a multitude of applications.

*Standard Product AO6602 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO6602L is a Green Product ordering option. AO6602 and AO6602L are electrically identical.*

### Features

n-channel	p-channel
$V_{DS} (V) = 30V$	-30V
$I_D = 3.1A (V_{GS} = 10V)$	-2.7A ( $V_{GS} = -10V$ )

$R_{DS(ON)}$	
< 75m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )	< 100m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS} = -10V$ )
< 115m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )	< 180m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS} = -4.5V$ )



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>A</sup>	$I_D$	3.1	-2.7	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		2.4	-2.1	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	12	-12	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	1.15	1.15	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		0.73	0.73	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	78	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>		106	150	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	$R_{\theta JL}$	64	80	°C/W

**N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{\text{DS}}=24\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=\pm20\text{V}$			5	$\text{nA}$
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.9	3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}$	10			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_D=3.1\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		54	75	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=2\text{A}$		78		
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, I_D=3.1\text{A}$		4.5		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$		0.79	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		200	240	$\text{pF}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			40		$\text{pF}$
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			20		$\text{pF}$
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2.3	3	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, I_D=3.1\text{A}$		6.5	8.5	$\text{nC}$
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			3.1	4	$\text{nC}$
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			1.2		$\text{nC}$
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			1.6		$\text{nC}$
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, R_L=4.7\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		3.3		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			2.5		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			13.2		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			1.7		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=3.1\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		9.4	12	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=3.1\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		3.5		$\text{nC}$

A: The value of  $R_{\text{0JA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\text{0JA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\text{0JL}}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80  $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev 3 : June 2005

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE

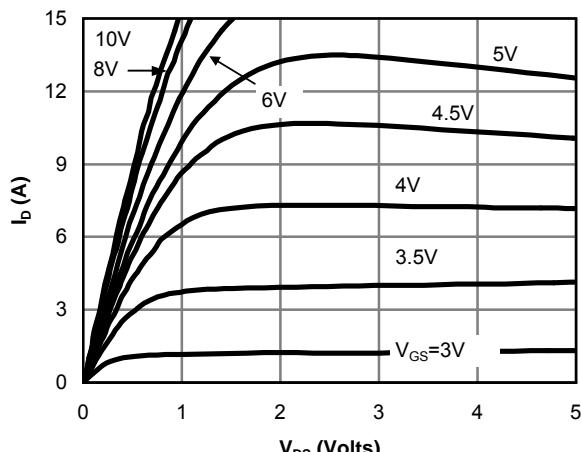
**N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

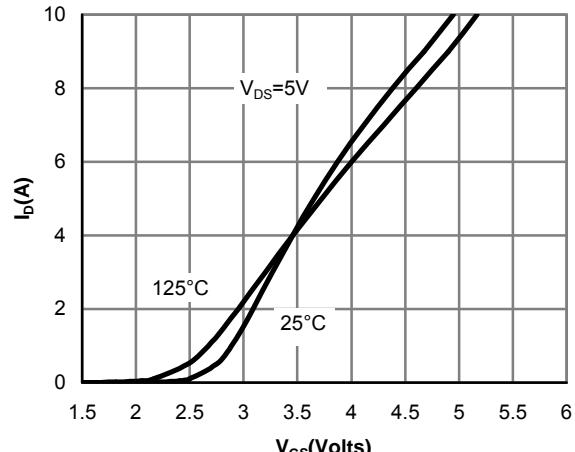


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

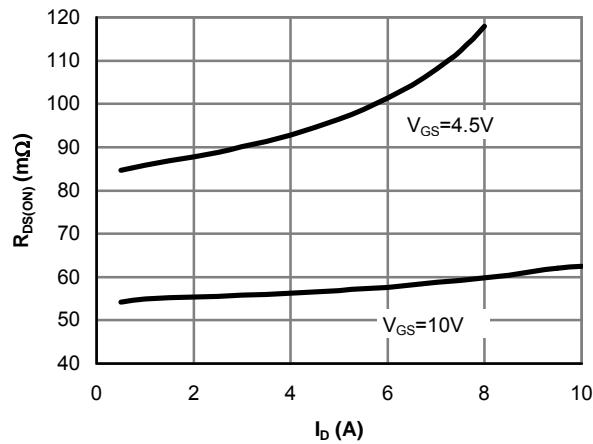


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

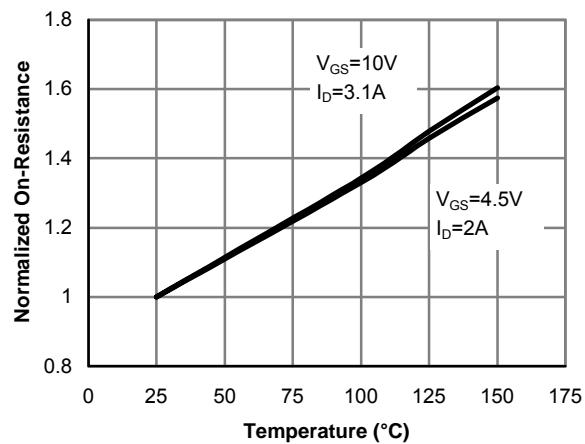


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

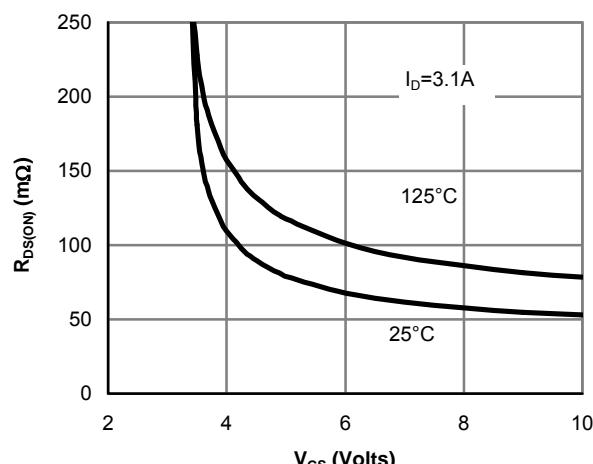


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

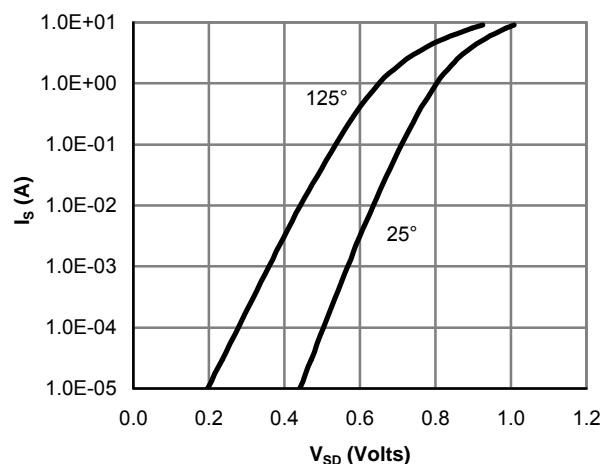


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

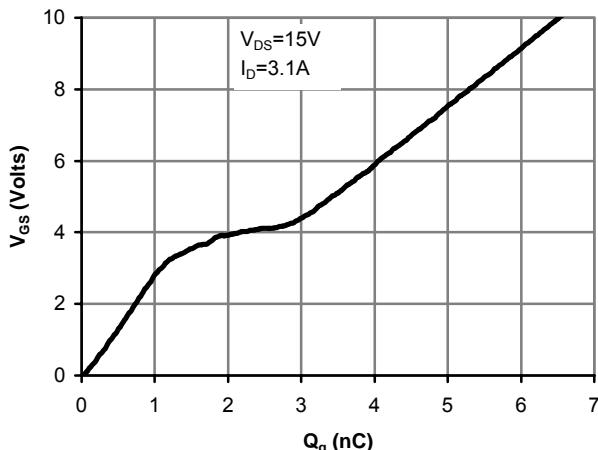
**N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

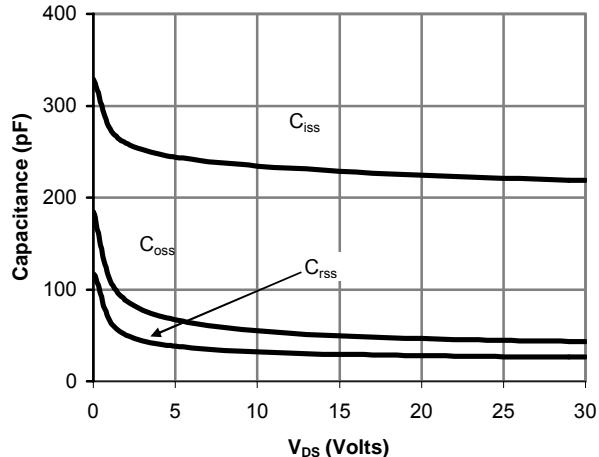


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

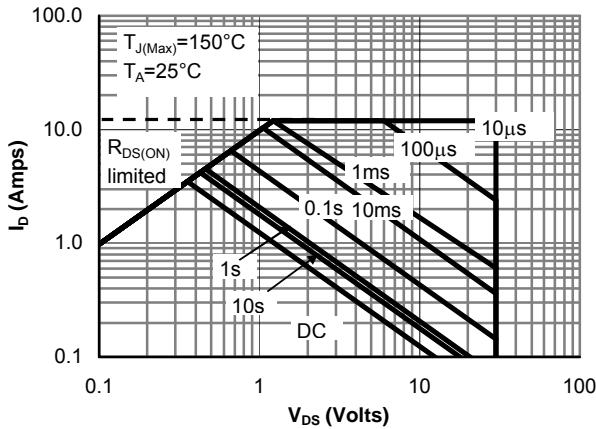


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

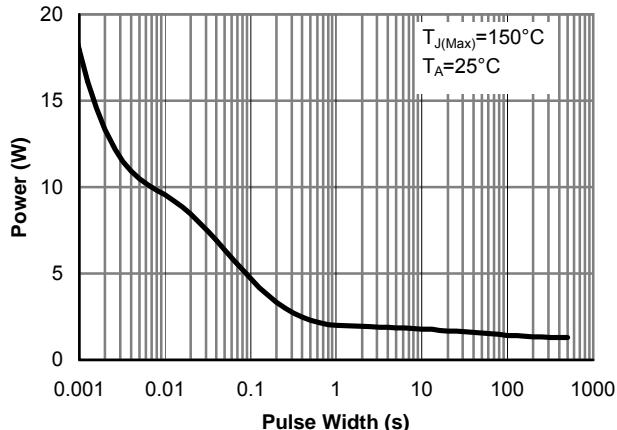


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

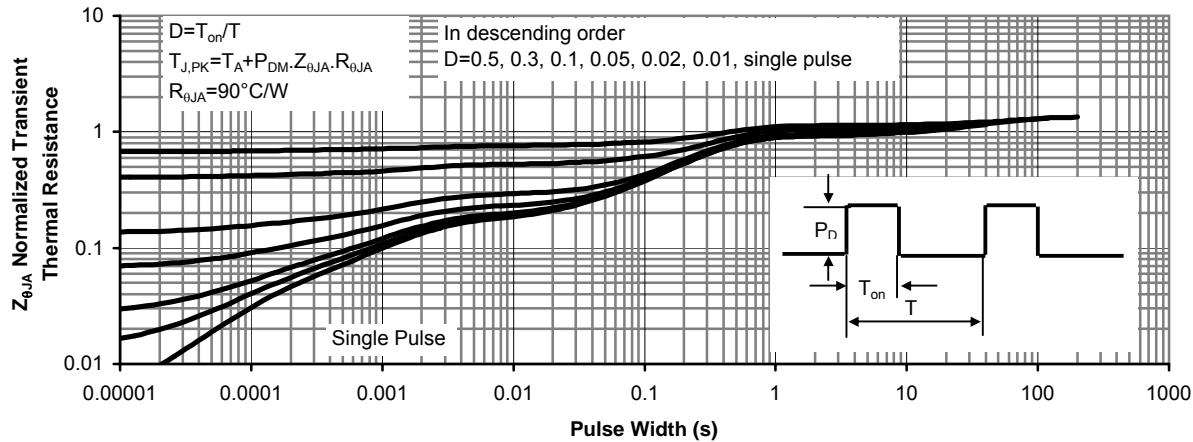


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

**P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		-1		$\mu\text{A}$
				-5		
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.9	-3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-5			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-2.7\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		77	100	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$		110		
				130	180	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-2.7\text{A}$		4.1		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.81	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		260	312	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			55		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			44		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		4.3	5	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10)$	Total Gate Charge(10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-2.7\text{A}$		5.8	7	nC
$Q_g(4.5)$	Total Gate Charge(4.5V)			3	4	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			0.78		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			1.6		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=5.6\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			6		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			15		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			7.5		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-2.7\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		12.5	15	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-2.7\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		5.5		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\text{QJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the  $\leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\text{QJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\text{QJL}}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80 $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev 3 : June 2005

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: P-CHANNEL

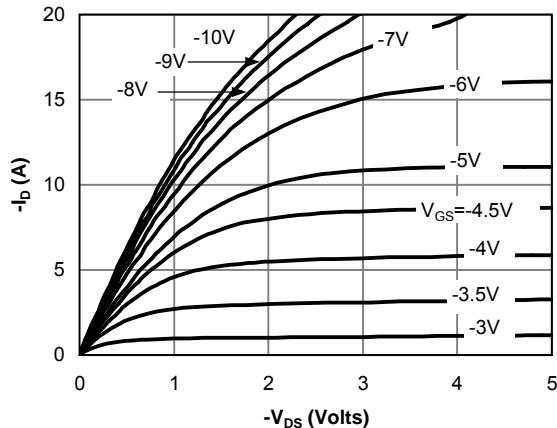


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

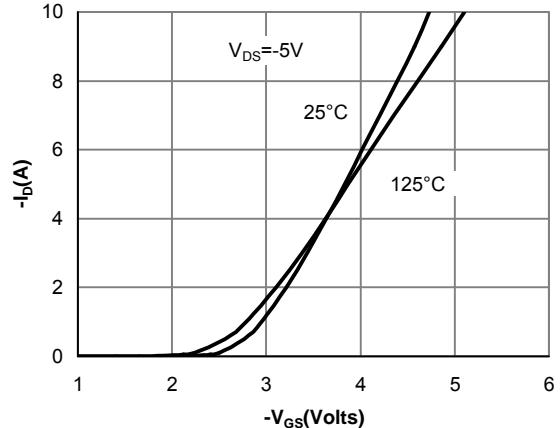


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

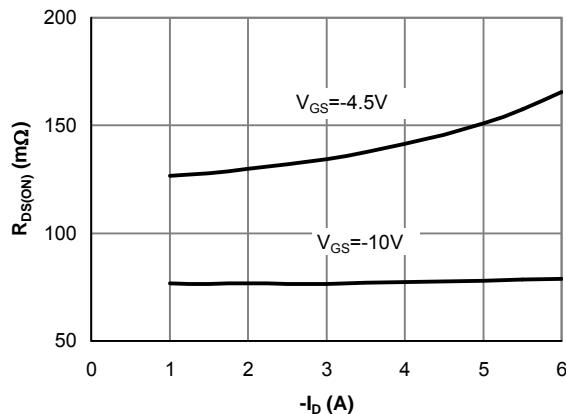


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

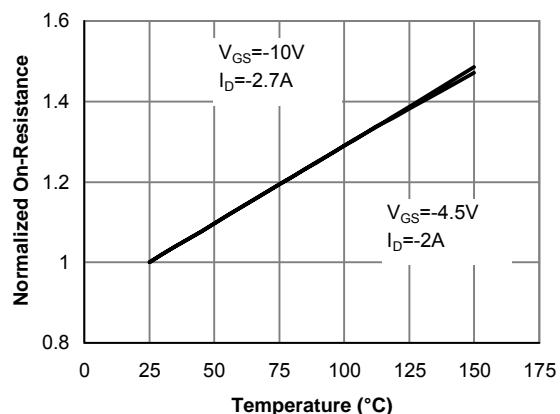


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

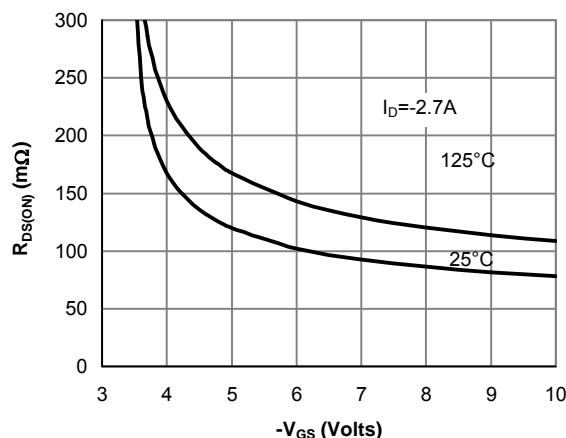


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

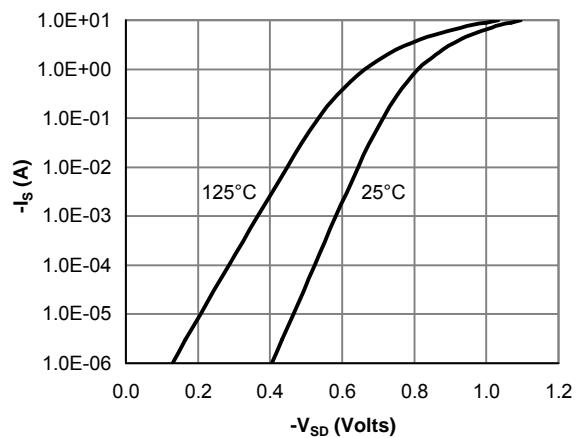


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: P-CHANNEL

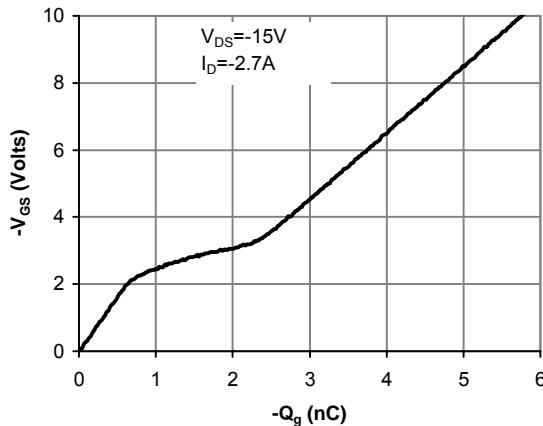


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

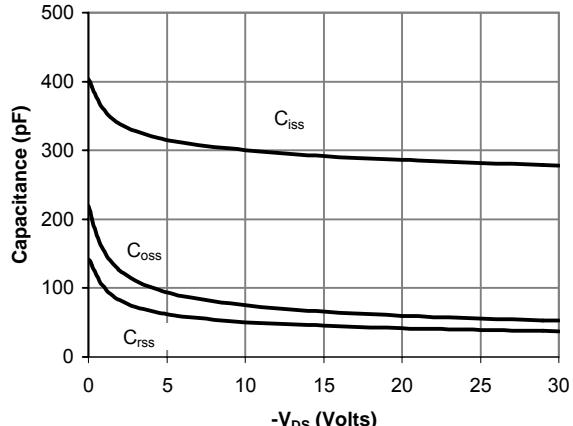


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

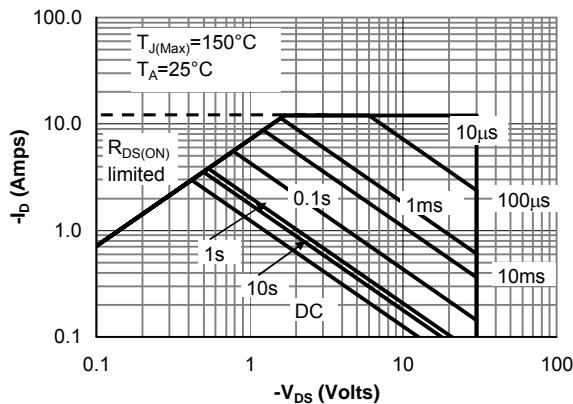


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

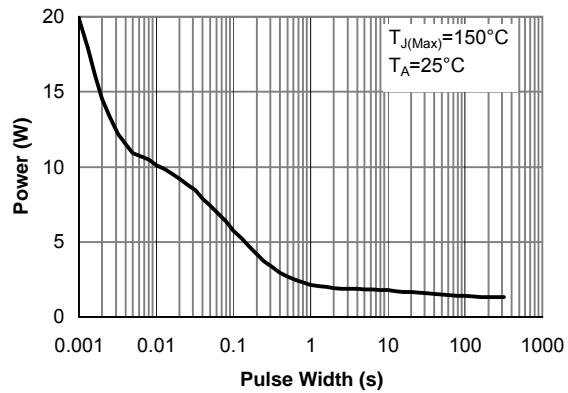


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

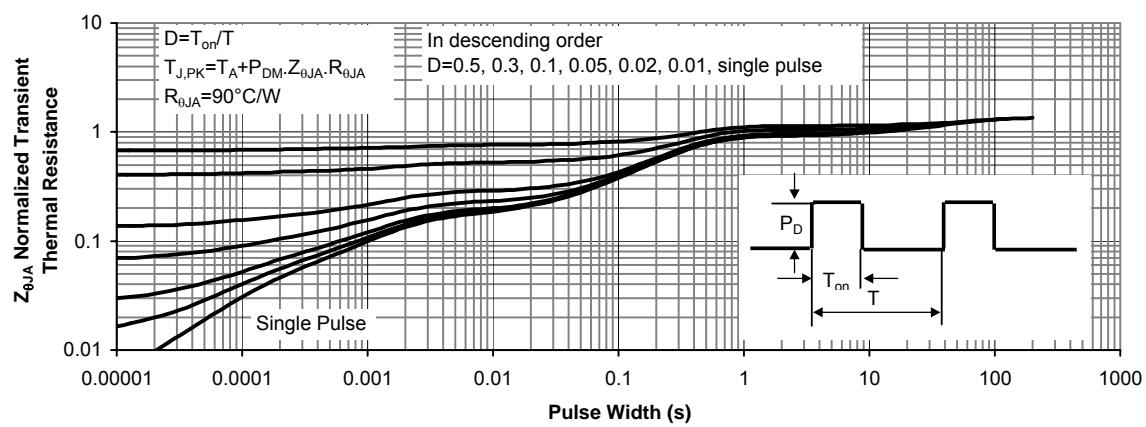


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance