

IC for Control of Lithium-ion Batteries Charging Monolithic IC MM1438

Outline

This IC is used to control charging of lithium-ion batteries consisting of a single cell. It is a modification of the previous MM1332 charging-control IC, with improved charging voltage accuracy and a smaller package.

Features

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1. Charging voltage accuracy (Ta=25°C) | ±25mV/cell |
| 2. Charging voltage accuracy (Ta=0 to 50°C) | ±30mV/cell |
| 3. Consumption current (charging on) | 250µA typ. |
| 4. Consumption current (charging off) | 2µA typ. |
| 5. Low-voltage detection | 2.15V typ. |
| 6. Leakage current between CEL and CS | 1µA max. |

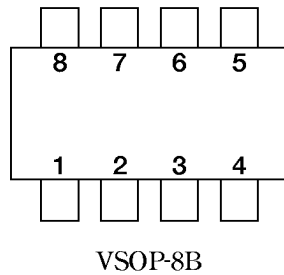
Package

VSOP-8B

Applications

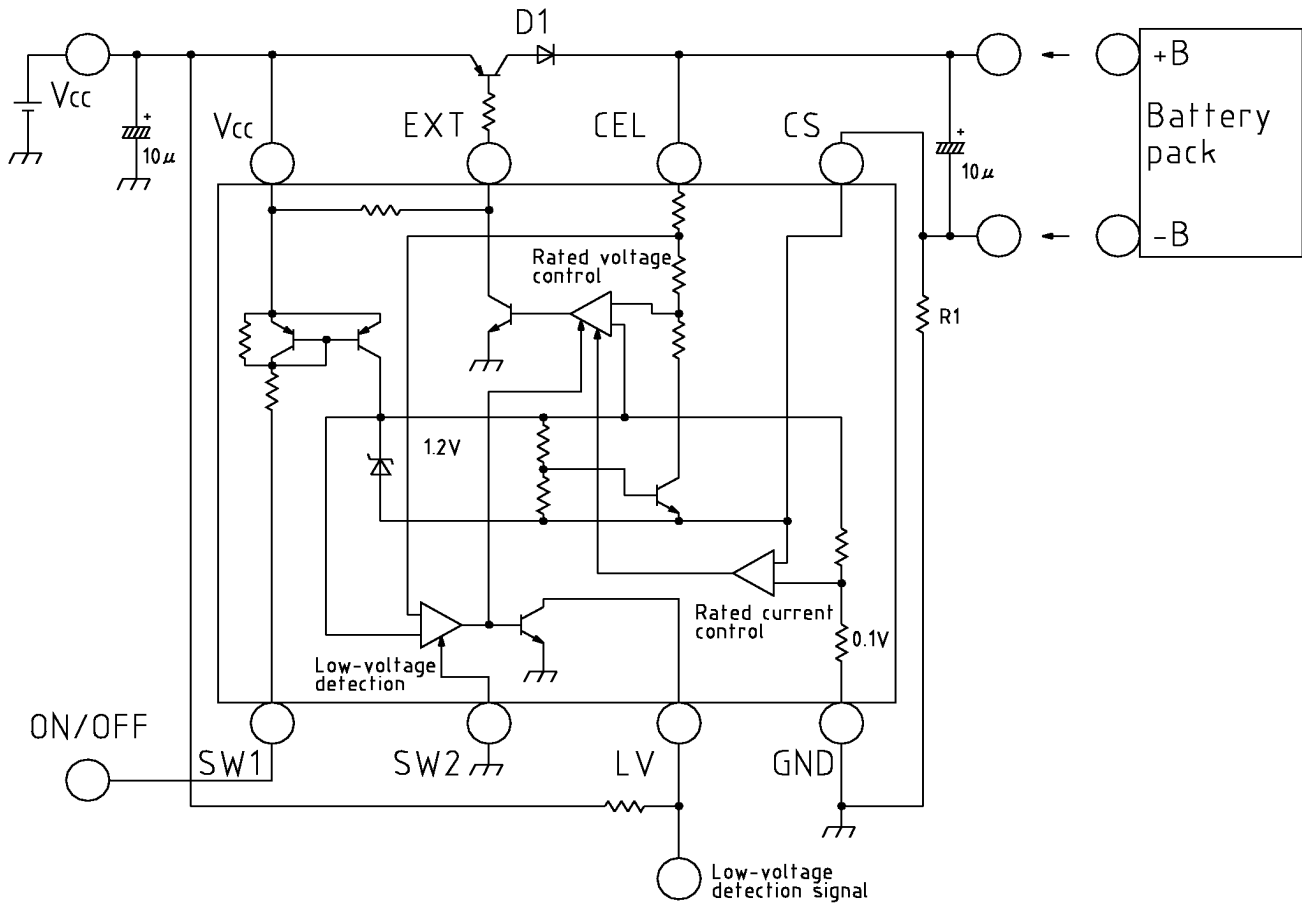
IC for control of lithium-ion batteries charging.

Pin Assignment



1	GND
2	LV
3	SW2
4	SW1
5	V _{CC}
6	EXT
7	CEL
8	CS

Block Diagram



Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin name	I/O	Pin Description
1	GND	Input	Ground pin
2	LV	Output	Low voltage detection circuit output pin ON with NPN-Tr open collector output at low voltage
3	SW2	Input	Low voltage detection circuit ON/OFF control input pin SW2 = Vcc: OFF, SW2 = GND: ON
4	SW1	Input	ON/OFF control input pin for the IC SW1 = Vcc: OFF, SW1 = GND: ON
5	Vcc	Input	Power supply input pin
6	EXT	Output	Charging control output pin Controls external PNP-Tr to control charging.
7	CEL	Input	Battery voltage input pin Detects battery voltage and controls rated voltage to the prescribed voltage value.
8	CS	Input	Current detection pin Detects current by drop in external resistor voltage and controls rated current. Current value can be set at 0.1V/R1 typ.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-40~+125	°C
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-20~+70	°C
Power supply voltage	V _{CC} max.	-0.3~+18	V
CFL pin input voltage	V _{CEL} max.	-0.3~+13	V
SW input voltage	V _{SW}	-0.3~V _{CC} +0.3	V
Allowable loss	P _d	300	mW

Recommended Operating Conditions

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-20~+70	°C
Charging control operating voltage	V _{OPR}	2.5~+17	V

Note: Operating voltage minimum value is during rated current control.

Electrical Characteristics (Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C, V_{CC}=5V, SW3 : A, SW6 : A, SW7 : A)

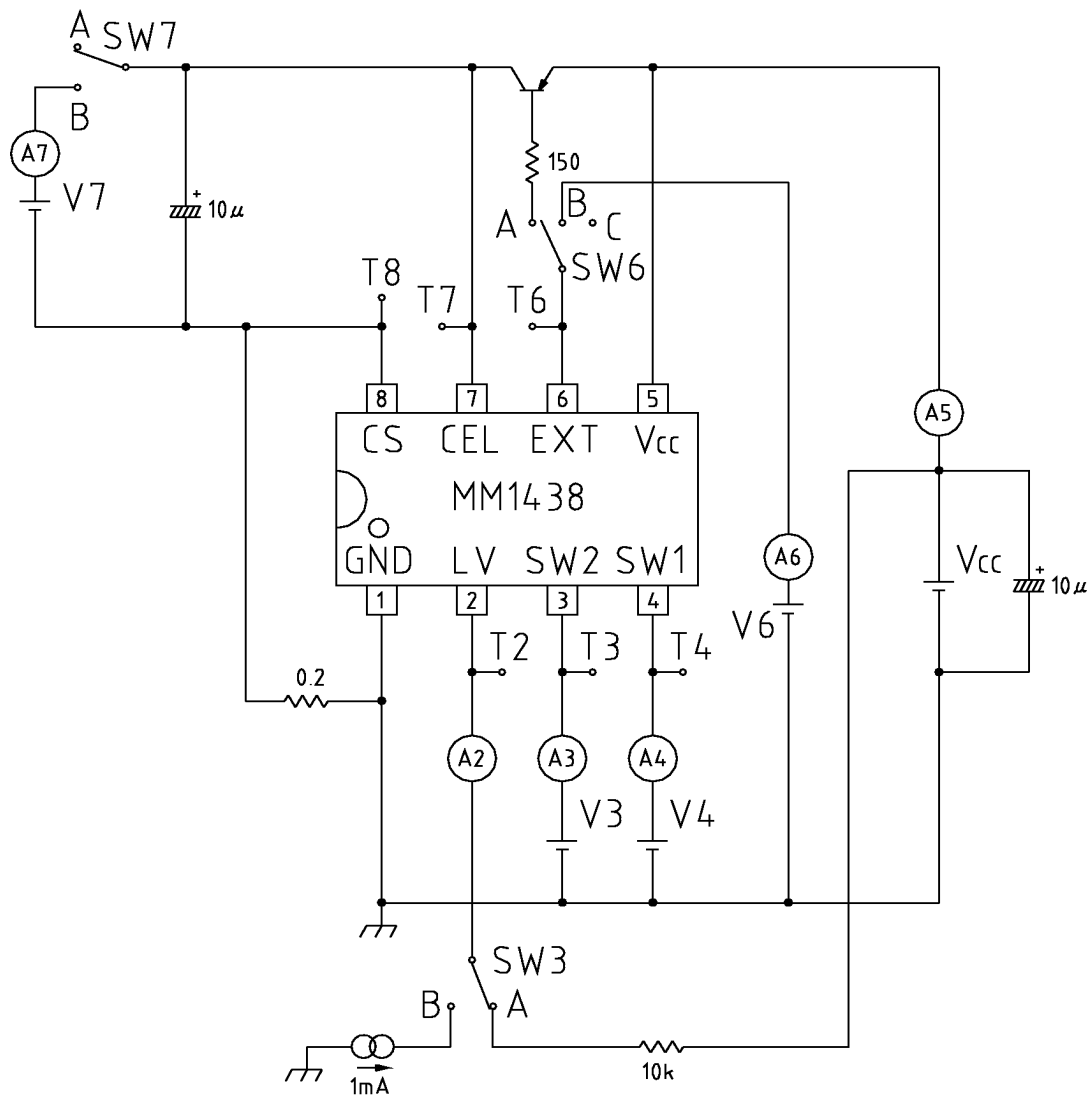
Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Consumption current 1	I _{CC1}	V _{SW1} =V _{SW2} =0V (Charge : ON)		250	400	μA
Consumption current 2	I _{CC2}	V _{SW1} =V _{SW2} =V _{CC} (Charge : OFF)		2	10	μA
Output voltage 1	V _{O1}	Ta=25°C	4.100	4.125	4.150	V
Output voltage 2	V _{O2}	Ta=0~50°C	4.095	4.125	4.155	V
Current limit	V _{CL}		90	100	110	mV
Inflow current between CEL-CS during operation	I _{CEL1}		3.0	5.0	7.0	μA
Leak current between CEL-CS	I _{CEL2}	V _{CC} =0V or OPEN		0.01	1	μA
SW1 input current	I _{SW1}			20	30	μA
SW1 input voltage L	V _{L1}	Charge : ON	-0.3		2.0	V
SW1 input voltage H	V _{H1}	Charge : OFF	V _{CC} -0.1		V _{CC} +0.3	V
Low voltage detection voltage	V _L		2.0	2.15	2.3	V
SW2 input current	I _{SW2}			20	30	μA
SW2 input current L	V _{L2}	Low voltage detection circuit: ON	-0.3		2.0	V
SW2 input current H	V _{H2}	Low voltage detection circuit: OFF	V _{CC} -1.0		V _{CC} +0.3	V
Low voltage detection output leak current	I _{LV}				0.5	μA
Low voltage detection output saturation voltage	V _{LV}	I _{SINK} =1mA		0.2	0.4	V
EXT pin inflow current	I _{EXT}		10	20		mA
EXT pin output voltage	V _{EXT}	For no load	0.3		V _{CC} -0.3	V

Note 1: Please insert a capacitor of several μF between power supply and ground when using.

Note 2: Be sure that CS pin potential does not fall below -0.5V.

Note 3: If the IC is damaged and control is no longer possible, its safety can not be guaranteed. Please protect with something other than this IC.

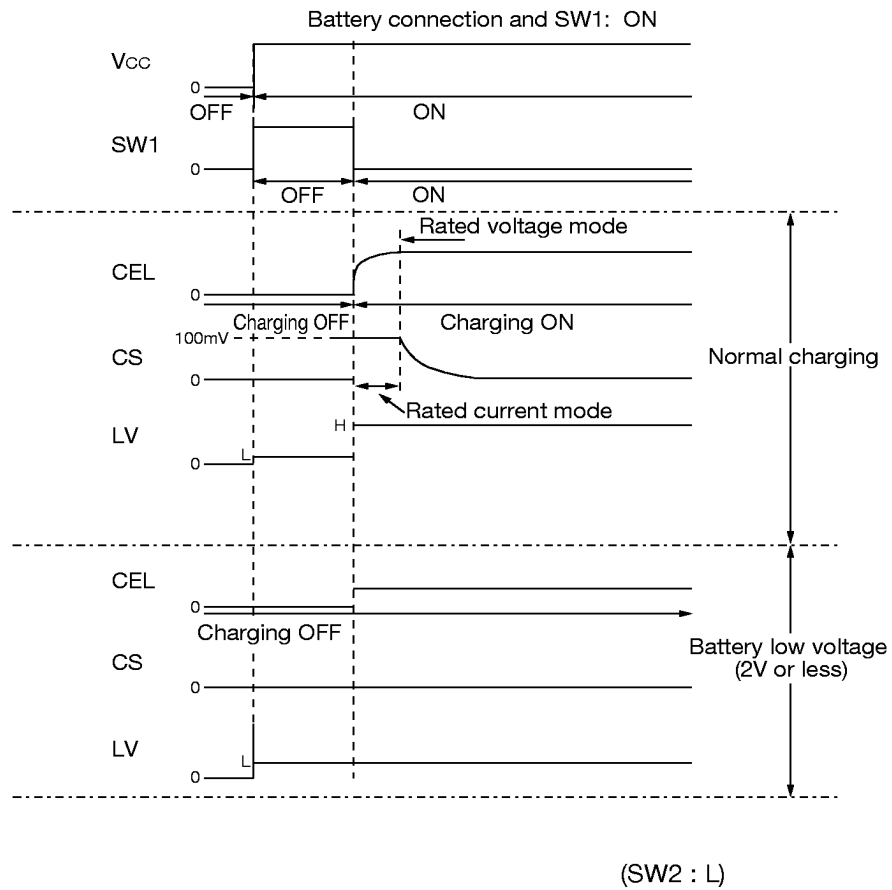
Measuring Circuit



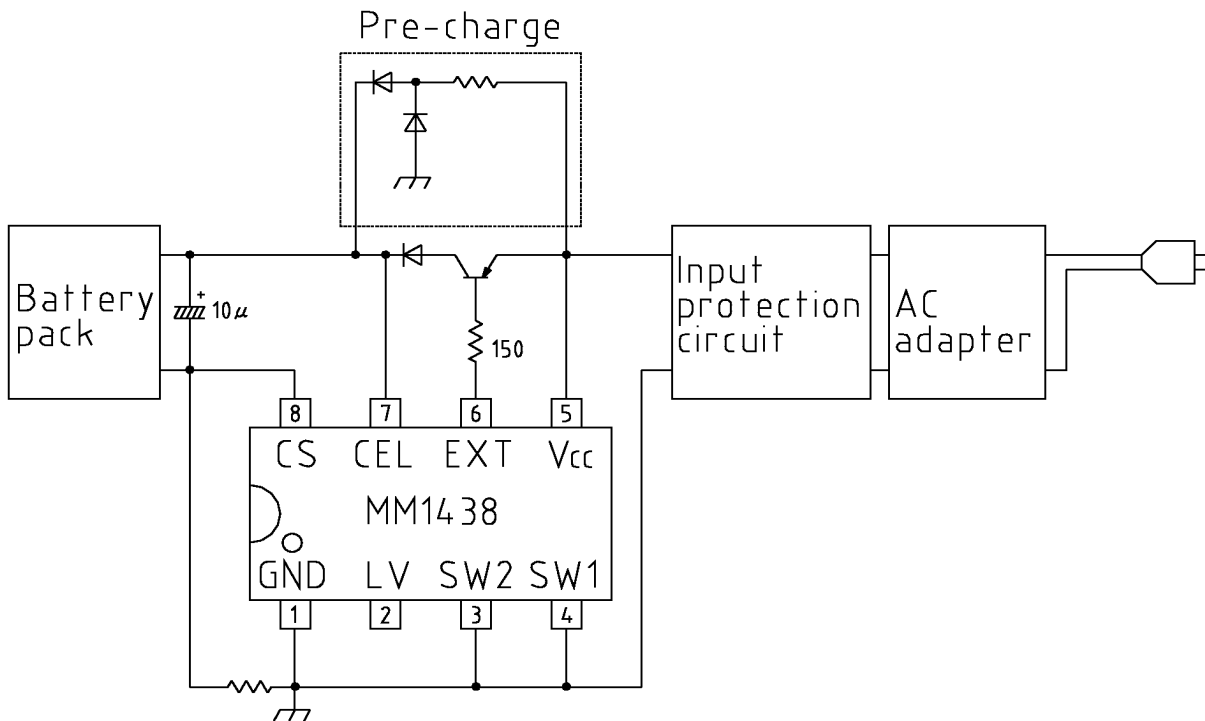
Measurement Procedures: (Except where noted otherwise, $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{cc}=5\text{V}$, SW3 : A, SW6 : A, SW7 : A)

Item	Measurement Procedures
Consumption current 1	$V3 = V_{cc}$, $V4 = 0\text{V}$. Next, measure A5 current value I_{cc1} when $V3$ is changed from $V_{cc} \rightarrow 0\text{V}$.
Consumption current 2	$V3 = V_d = V_{cc}$. Measure A6 current value I_{cc2} at this time.
Output voltage	$V3 = V_{cc}$, $V4 = 0\text{V}$. Measure T7 voltage V_o at this time.
Current limit	$V3 = V_{cc}$, $V4 = 0\text{V}$. Set V7 voltage 1V lower than T7 (output voltage) potential and set SW7 to B. Measure T8 voltage V_{cl} at this time.
Inflow current between CEL-CS during operation	$V3 = V_{cc}$, $V4 = 0\text{V}$, SW6: C. $V7 = 4.5\text{V}$, SW7: B. Measure A7 current value I_{cel1} at this time.
Leak current between CEL-CS	$V3 = V4 = V_{cc} = 0\text{V}$, SW6: C. $V7 = 4.5\text{V}$, SW7: B. Measure A7 current value I_{cel2} at this time.
SW1 input current	Measure A4 current value I_{sw1} when $V4 = 0\text{V}$.
SW1 input voltage	$V3 = V_{cc}$. Charge: ON (V_{L1}) when $V4$ potential is varied and T7 voltage is the prescribed output voltage; Charge OFF (V_{H1}) when $0 \sim 0.05\text{V}$.
Low voltage detection voltage	$V3 = V4 = 0\text{V}$. Set V7 voltage 1V lower than T7 (output voltage) potential, and SW7: B. Next gradually lower V7 voltage; V7 voltage is V_L when A7 current value is within $\pm 10\mu\text{A}$.
SW2 input current	Measure A3 current value I_{sw2} when $V3 = 0\text{V}$.
SW2 input voltage	$V4 = 0\text{V}$, $V7 = 1\text{V}$, SW7: B. Low voltage detection circuit: ON (V_{L2}) when $V3$ voltage is varied and A7 current value is within $\pm 10\mu\text{A}$; low voltage detection circuit: OFF (V_{H2}) otherwise.
Low voltage detection output leak current	$V3 = V_{cc}$, $V4 = 0\text{V}$. Measure A2 current value I_{LV} when $V3$ is changed from $V_{cc} \rightarrow 0\text{V}$.
Low voltage detection output saturation voltage	$V3 = V4 = 0\text{V}$. SW3: B, SW7: B. Measure T2 voltage V_{LV} when V7 voltage is 0V .
EXT pin inflow current	$V3 = V4 = 0\text{V}$. SW6: B, SW7: B, $V6 = 4\text{V}$, $V7 = 3\text{V}$. Measure A6 current value I_{EXT} .
EXT pin output voltage	$V3 = V4 = 0\text{V}$. SW6: C, SW7: B. T6 voltage when $V7 = 3\text{V}$ and $V7 = 5\text{V}$ is V_{EXT} .

Timing Chart

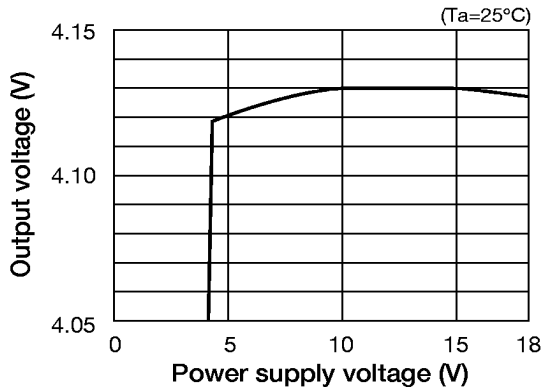


Application Circuit

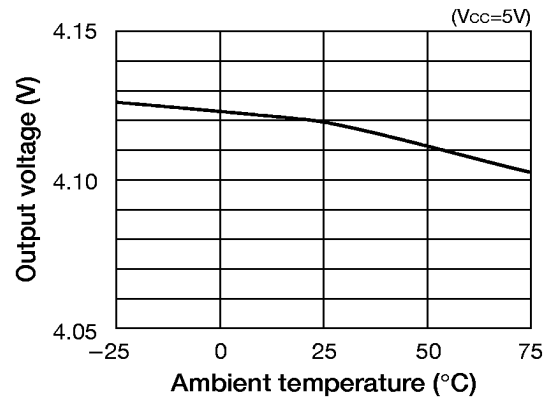


Characteristics

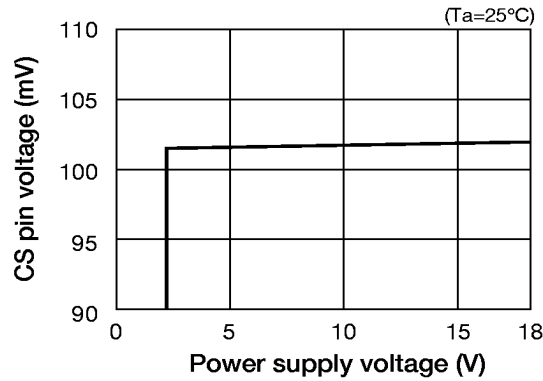
Output voltage vs Power supply voltage



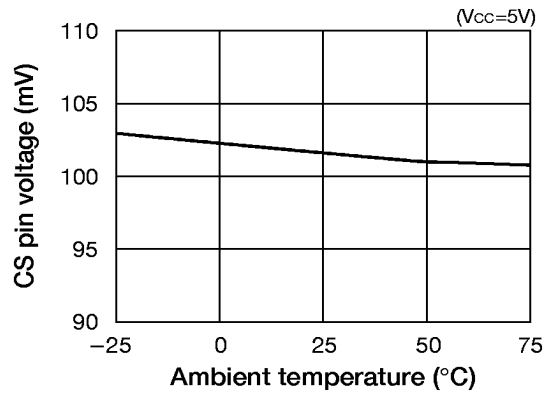
Output voltage vs Ambient temperature



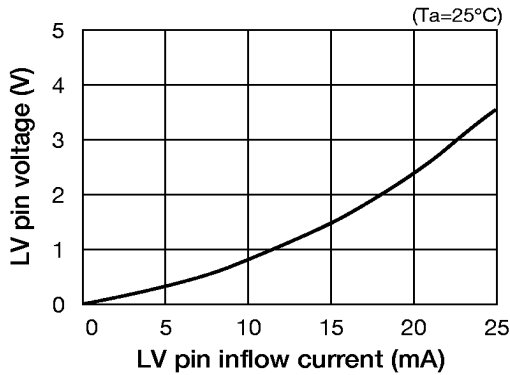
CS pin voltage vs Power supply voltage



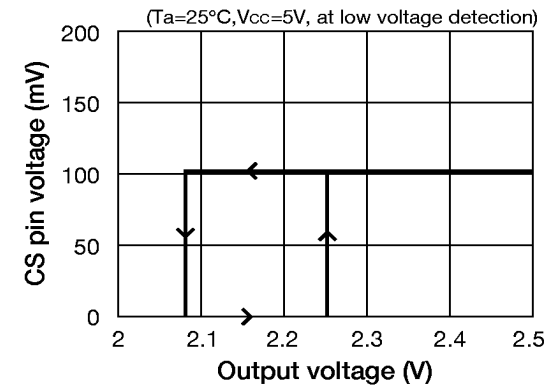
CS pin voltage vs Ambient temperature



LV pin voltage vs LV pin inflow current



CS pin voltage vs Output voltage



EXT pin voltage vs EXT pin inflow current

