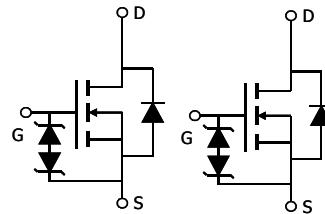
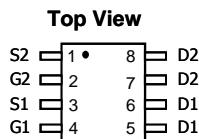


General Description

The AO4818B uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

Features

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------|
| V_{DS} | 30V |
| I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$) | 8A |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$) | <19mΩ |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = 4.5V$) | < 26mΩ |



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|--|------------------|------------|-------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 30 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 20 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^A | I_D | 8 | A |
| Current ^B | | 6.5 | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^C | I_{DM} | 48 | |
| Avalanche Current ^C | I_{AS}, I_{AR} | 19 | A |
| Avalanche energy L=0.1mH ^C | E_{AS}, E_{AR} | 18 | mJ |
| Power Dissipation ^B | P_D | 2 | W |
| | | 1.3 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | °C |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-----------------|-----|------|-------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 48 | 62.5 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D} | | 74 | 90 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Lead | $R_{\theta JL}$ | 32 | 40 | °C/W |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----|------------|--------|------------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | 30 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 1 5 | μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$ | | | 10 | μA |
| $V_{\text{GS(th)}}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.4 | V |
| $I_{\text{D(ON)}}$ | On state drain current | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ | 48 | | | A |
| $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 15.5 21 | 19 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$ | | 18.5 | 26 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$ | | 30 | | S |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | | 0.75 | 1 | V |
| I_S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | | 2.5 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | 600 | 740 | 888 | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | 77 | 110 | 145 | pF |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | 50 | 82 | 115 | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.7 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| $Q_g(10\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$ | 12 | 15 | 18 | nC |
| $Q_g(4.5\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | | 6 | 7.5 | 9 | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 2.5 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 3 | | nC |
| $t_{\text{D(on)}}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=1.8\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$ | | 5 | | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 3.5 | | ns |
| $t_{\text{D(off)}}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 19 | | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 3.5 | | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | $I_F=8\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | 6 | 8 | 10 | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $I_F=8\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | 14 | 18 | 22 | nC |

A. The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

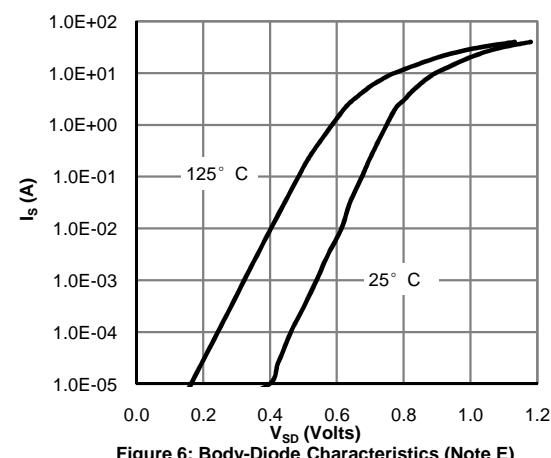
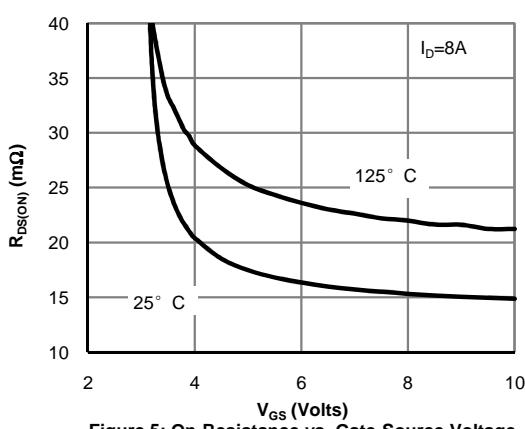
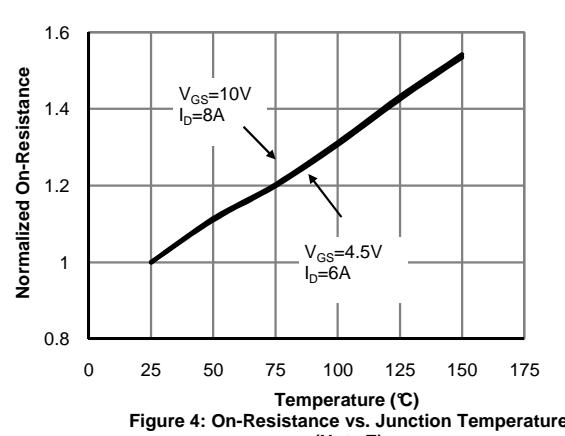
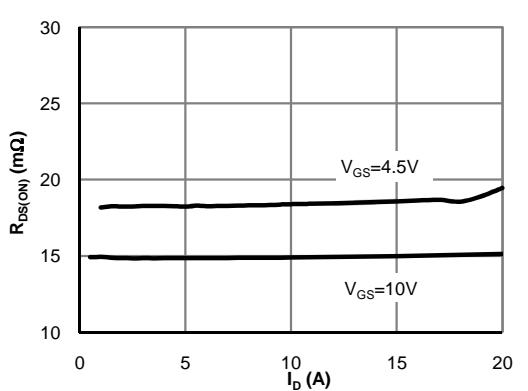
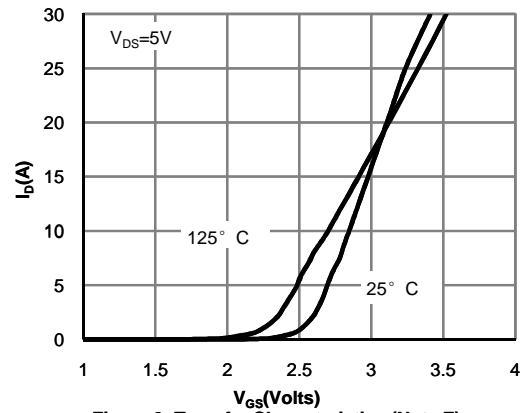
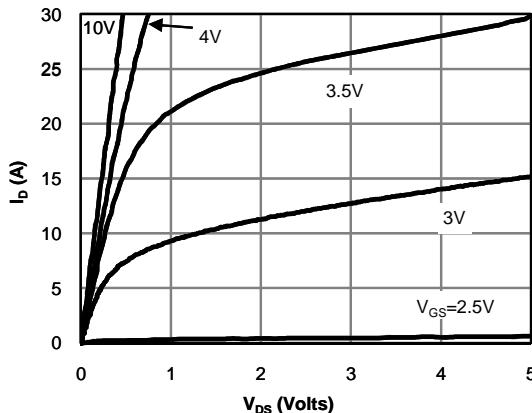
B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

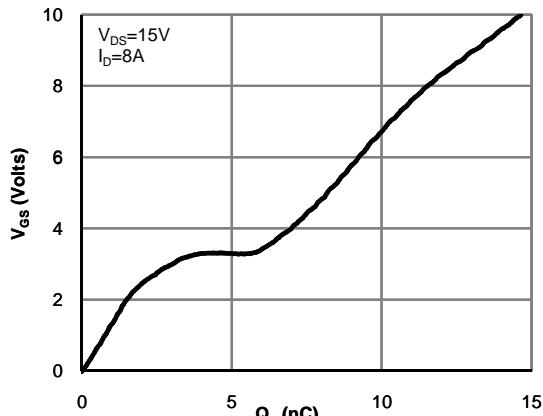
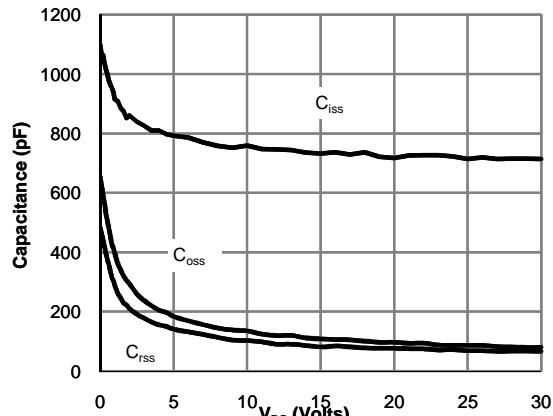
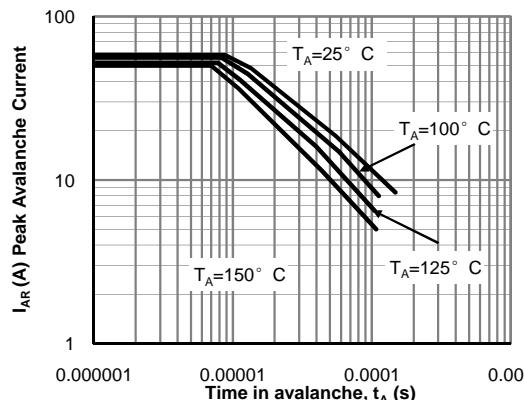
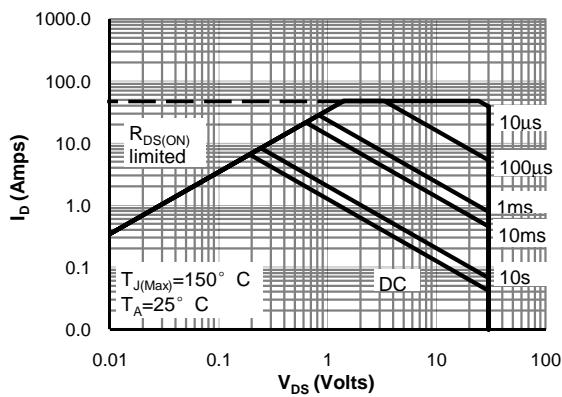
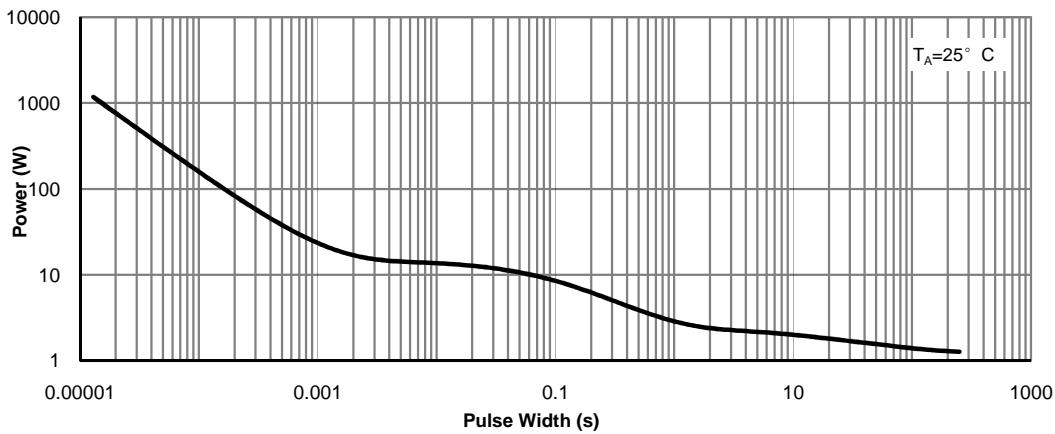
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead $R_{\theta JL}$ and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

Figure 9: Single Pulse Avalanche capability (Note C)

Figure 10: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

Figure 11: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

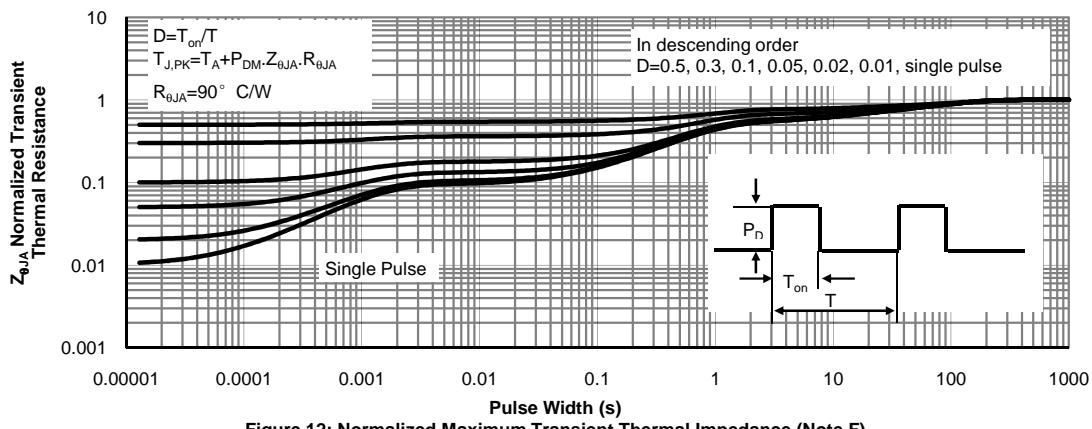
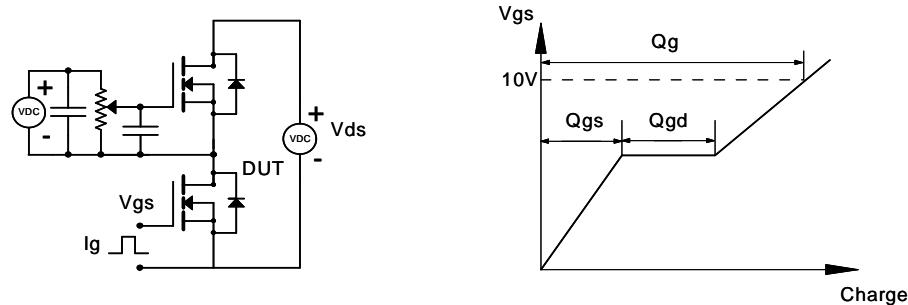
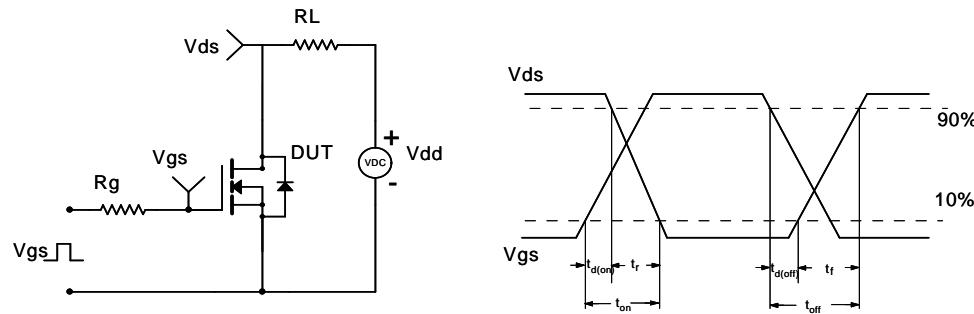
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

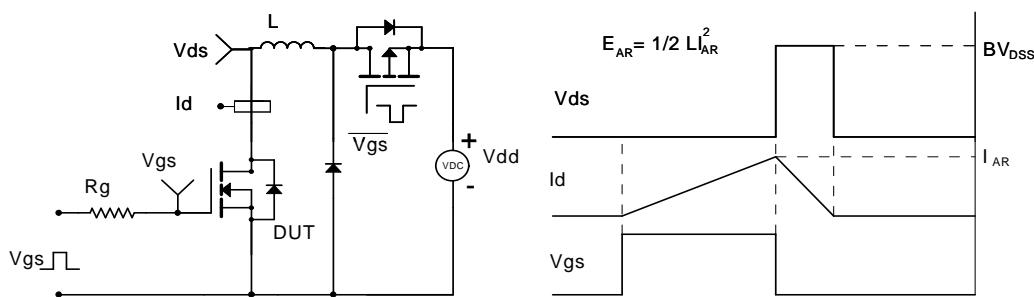
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

