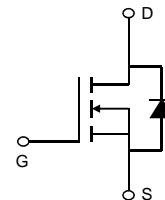


## General Description

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS ( $\alpha$ MOS LV) technology
- Very Low RDS(on) at 4.5V<sub>GS</sub>
- Low Gate Charge
- High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

## Features

$V_{DS}$	30V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	70A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 2.6mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 4mΩ



**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$I_D$	70	A
$T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$		54	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	280	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_{DSM}$	45	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		37	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	45	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	101	mJ
$V_{DS}$ Spike	$V_{SPIKE}$	36	V
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	60	W
$T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$		30	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	7.5	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		5.2	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 175	°C

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	16	20	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>		41	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.9	2.5	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			$\pm100$	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.2	1.7	2.2	V
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		2.1 2.7	2.6 3.3	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		3.2	4	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		85		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>				70	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2719		pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			1204		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			169		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	0.9	2	3	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		44	60	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			21	28	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			9		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			7		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=0.75\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		9.7		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			5.2		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			32.5		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			10.3		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		19.6		ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		42.7		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\text{thJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{DSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\text{thJA}}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{thJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\text{thJC}}$  and case to ambient.

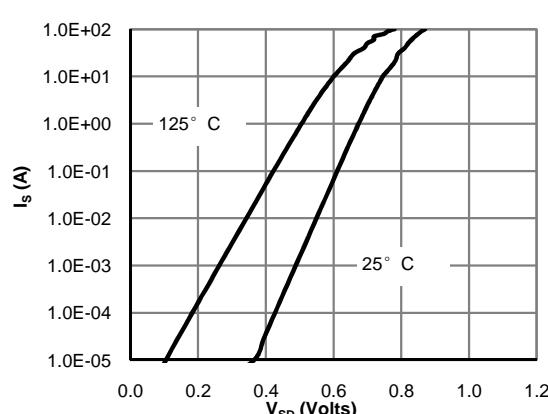
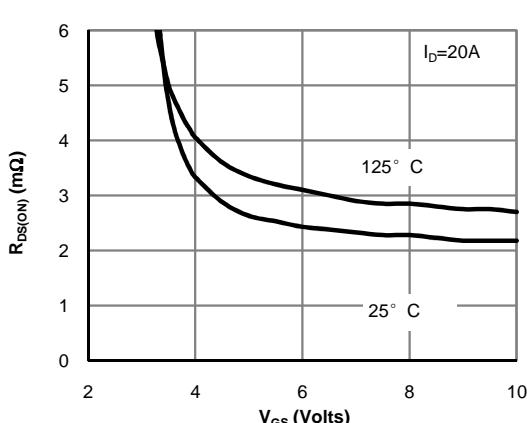
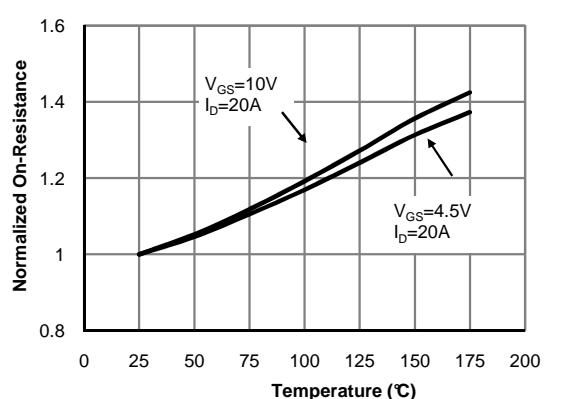
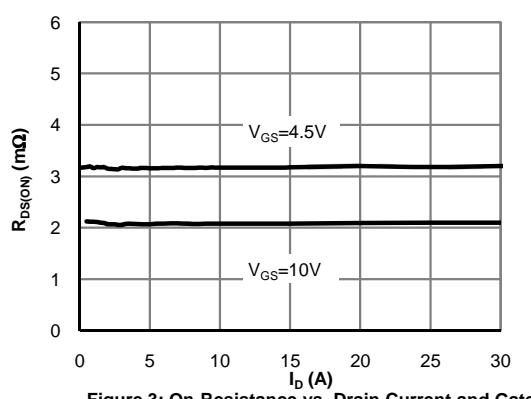
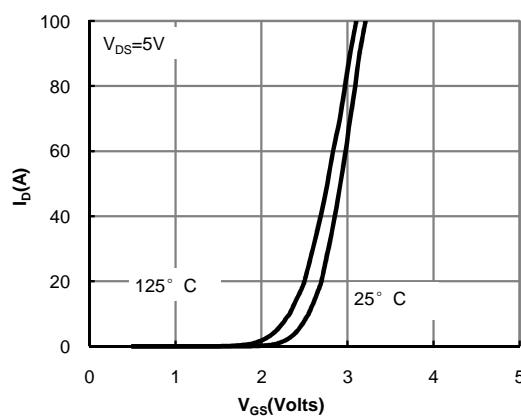
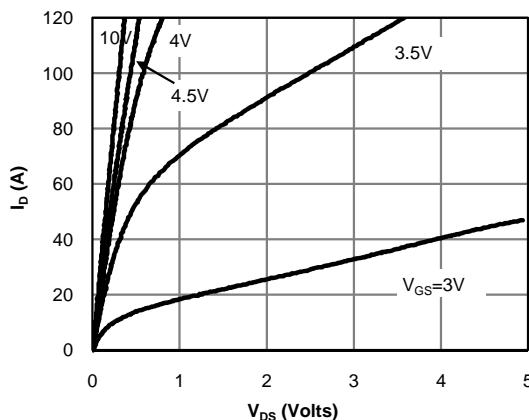
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

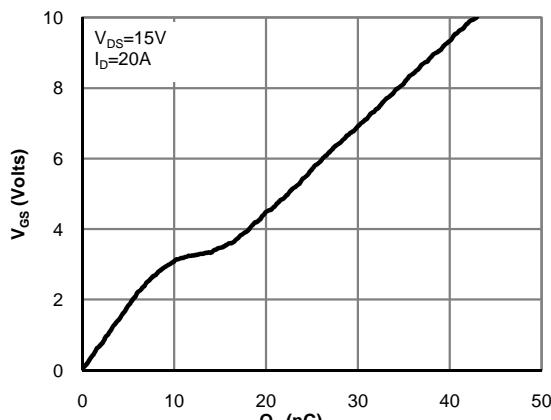


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

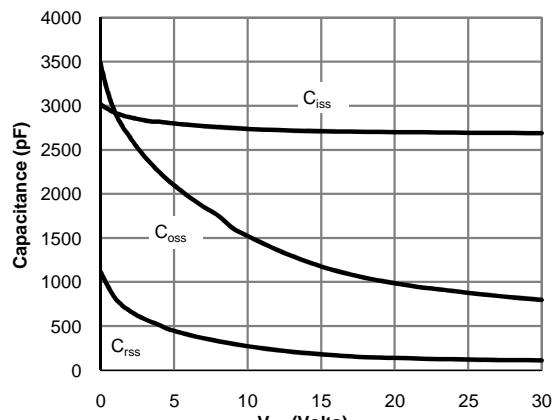


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

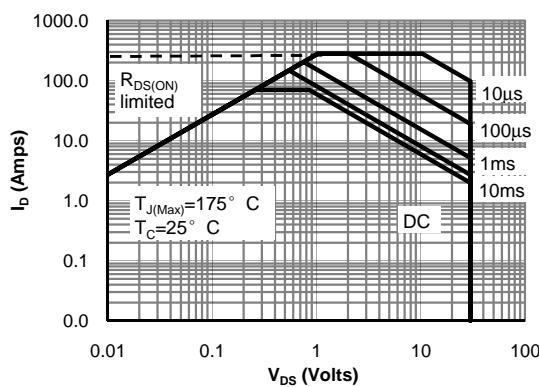


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

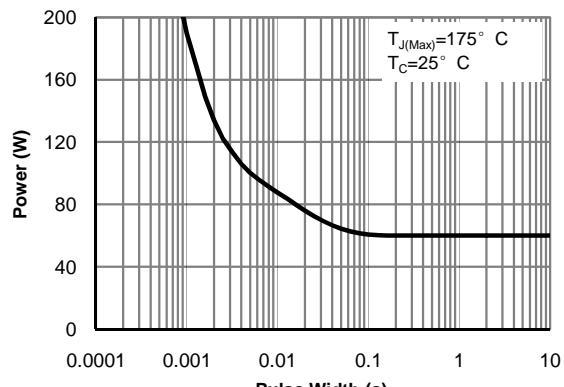


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

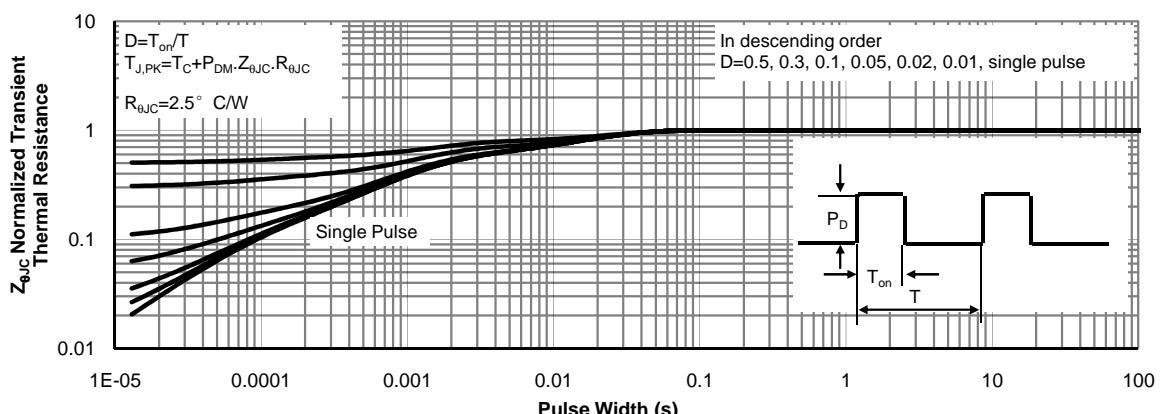


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

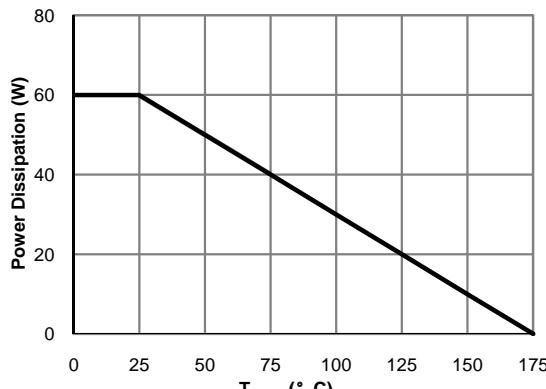


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

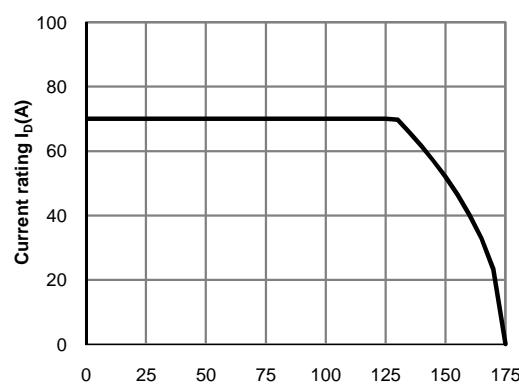


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

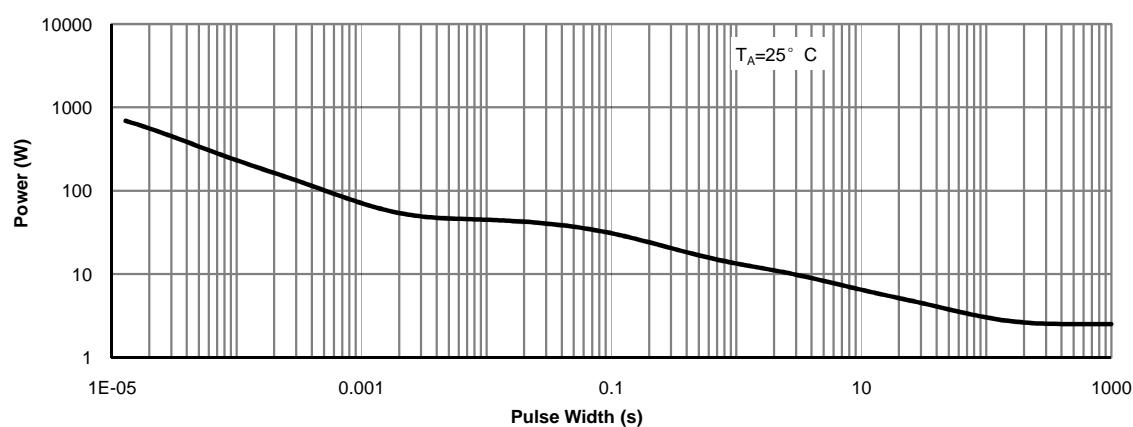


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

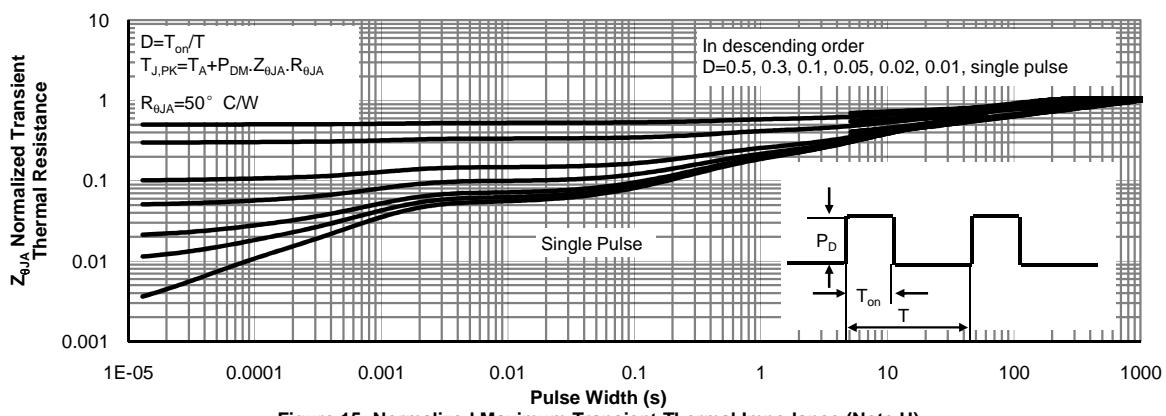
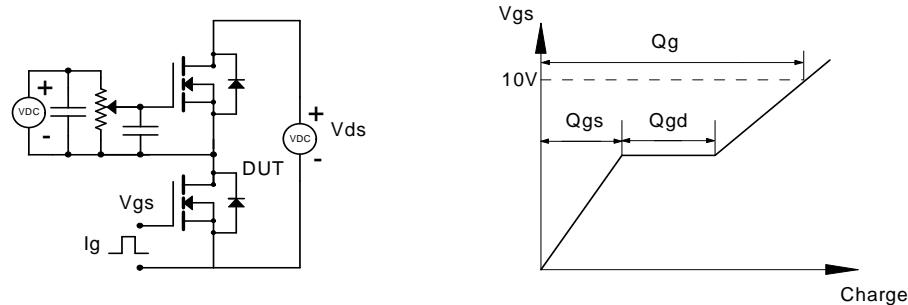
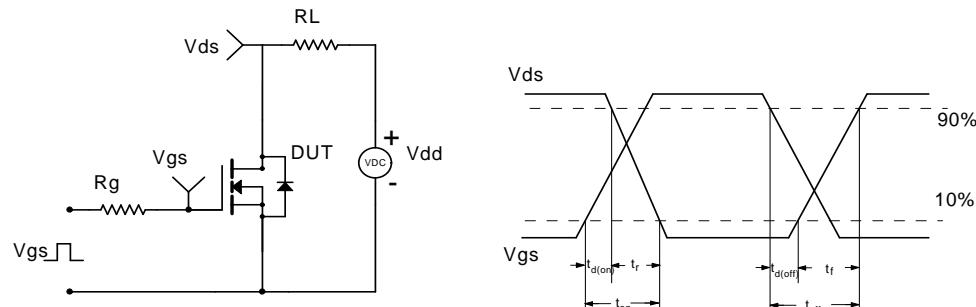


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

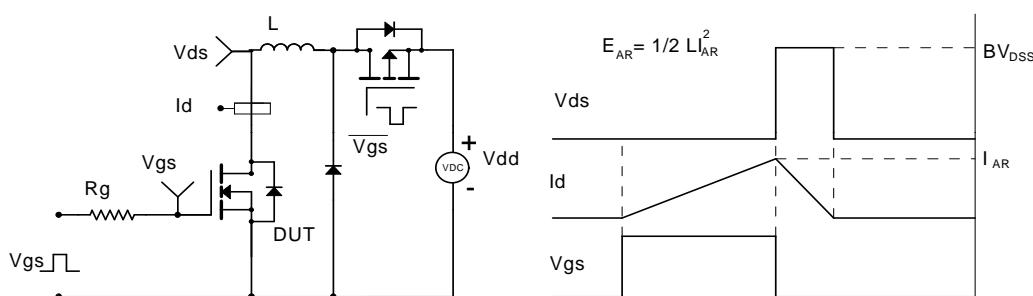
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

