

RoHS Compliant Product
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen & lead-free

DESCRIPTION

These miniature surface mount MOSFETs utilize high cell density process Low R_{DS(on)} assures minimal power loss and conserves energy, making this device ideal for use in power management circuitry. Typical applications are PWMDC-DC converters, power management in portable and battery-powered products such as computers, printers, battery charger, telecommunication power system, and telephones power system.

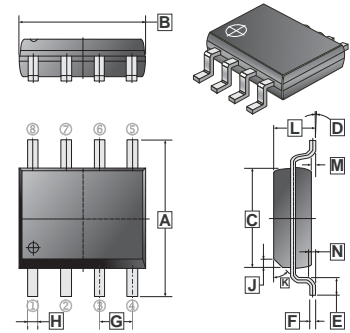
FEATURES

- Low R_{DS(on)} provides higher efficiency and extends battery life.
- Miniature SOP-8 surface mount package saves board space.
- High power and current handling capability.
- Low side high current DC-DC Converter applications.

PRODUCT SUMMARY

SSG4920N		
V _{DS} (V)	R _{DS(on)} m(Ω)	I _D (A)
30	34@V _{GS} =10V	6.9
	41@V _{GS} =4.5V	6.0

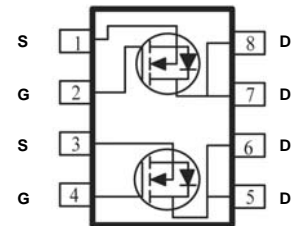
SOP-8



REF.	Millimeter		REF.	Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
A	5.80	6.20	H	0.35	0.49
B	4.80	5.00	J	0.375 REF.	
C	3.80	4.00	K	45°	
D	0°	8°	L	1.35	1.75
E	0.40	0.90	M	0.10	0.25
F	0.19	0.25	N	0.25 REF.	
G	1.27 TYP.				

PACKAGE INFORMATION

Package	MPQ	LeaderSize
SOP-8	2.5K	13' inch



MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DS}	30	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	V _{GS}	±20	V	
Continuous Drain Current ¹	I _D @ T _A = 25°C	±6.9	A	
	I _D @ T _A = 70°C	±5.6	A	
Pulsed Drain Current ²	I _{DM}	±40	A	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction) ¹	I _S	1.7	A	
Total Power Dissipation ¹	P _D @ T _A = 25°C	2.1	W	
	P _D @ T _A = 70°C	1.3	W	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{STG}	-55 ~ 150	°C	
THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS				
Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient (Max.) ¹	t ≤ 10 sec	R _{θJA}	62.5	°C / W
	Steady State		110	°C / W

Notes

- 1 Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 Board.
- 2 Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS
STATIC						
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	1	-	-	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Body Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	-	-	± 100	nA	$V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS} = 24\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		-	-	10	μA	$V_{DS} = 24\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $T_J = 55^\circ\text{C}$
On-State Drain Current ¹	$I_{D(on)}$	20	-	-	A	$V_{DS} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
Drain-Source On-Resistance ¹	$R_{DS(ON)}$	-	-	34	m Ω	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 6.9\text{A}$
		-	-	41		$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}$, $I_D = 6.0\text{A}$
Forward Transconductance ¹	g_{fs}	-	25	-	S	$V_{DS} = 15\text{V}$, $I_D = 6.9\text{A}$
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.77	-	V	$I_S = 1.7\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
DYNAMIC ²						
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	-	4.0	-	nC	$I_D = 6.9\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}$
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	-	1.1	-		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}	-	1.4	-		
Turn-On Delay Time	$T_{d(on)}$	-	12	-	nS	$V_{DD} = 15\text{V}$ $I_D = 1\text{A}$ $V_{GEN} = 10\text{V}$ $R_L = 15\Omega$
Rise Time	T_r	-	10	-		
Turn-Off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$	-	60	-		
Fall Time	T_f	-	15	-		
Source-Drain Reverse Recovery Time	T_{rr}	-	50	-		$I_F = 1.7\text{A}$, $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Notes

- Pulse test : $PW \leq 300\mu\text{s}$ duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

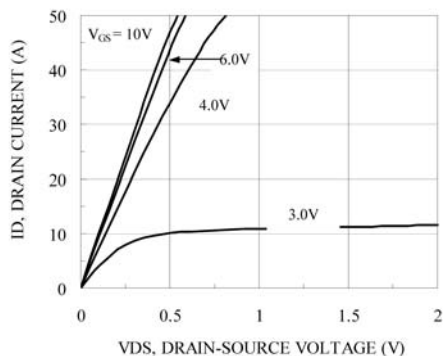


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

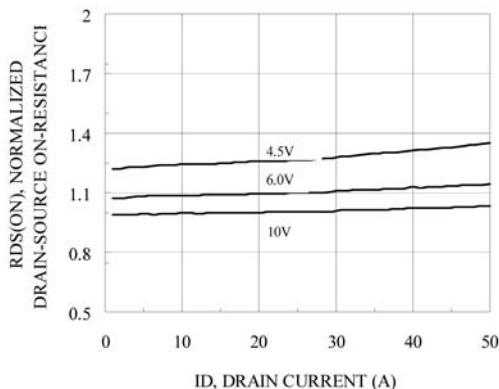


Figure 2. On-Resistance with Drain Current

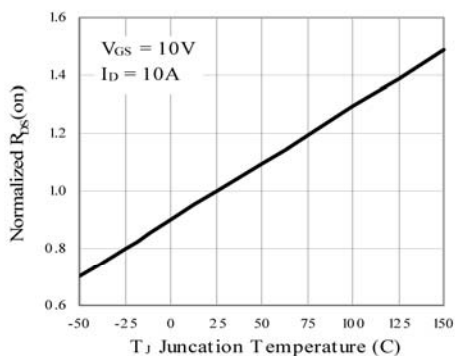


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature

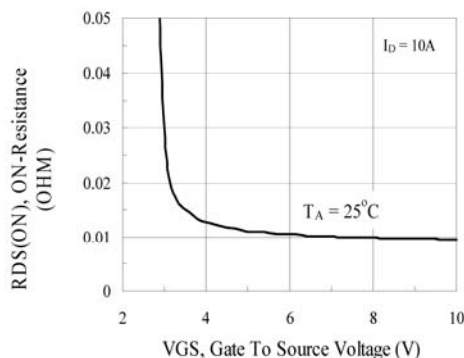


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate to Source Voltage

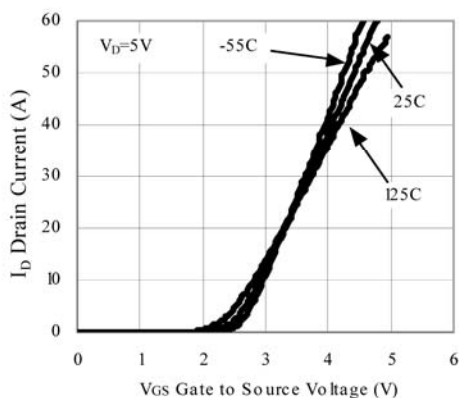


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

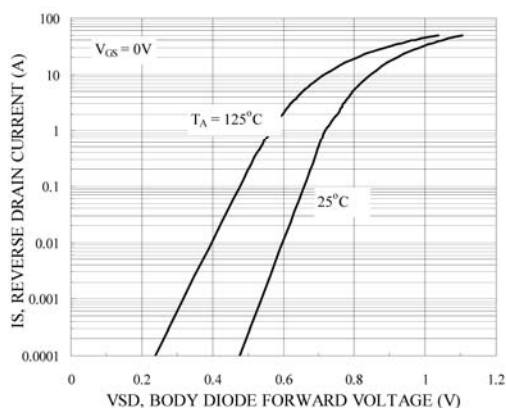


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

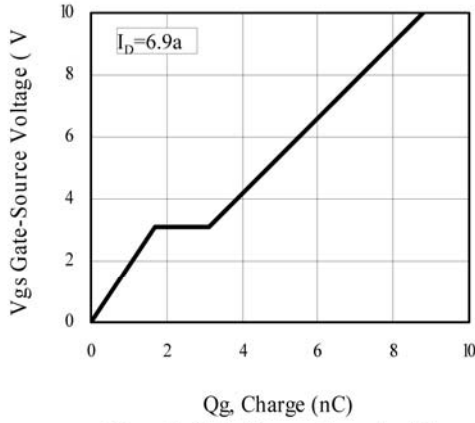


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

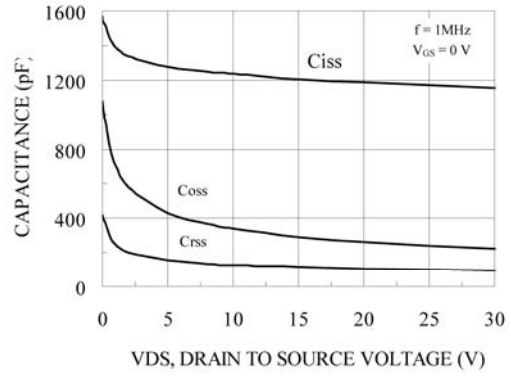


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics

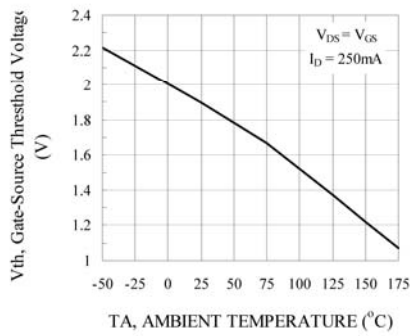


Figure 9. Threshold Vs Ambient Temperature

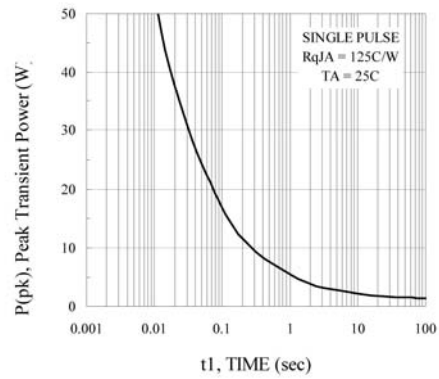


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Normalized Thermal Transient Junction to Ambient

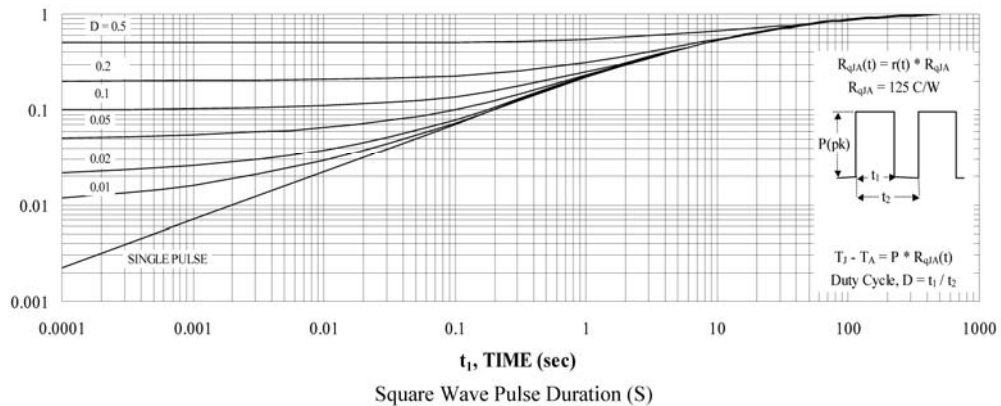


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve