

Single-chip Type with Built-in FET Switching Regulator Series

# Step-down Switching regulators with Built-in Power MOSFET

## BU9000xGWZ series

### ●General Description

The BU9000xGWZ are a high efficiency 6MHz synchronous step-down switching regulator with ultra low current PFM mode. It provides up to 1.0A load current and an input voltage range from 3.0V to 5.5V, optimized for battery powered portable applications. BU9000xGWZ has a mode control pin that allows the user to select Forced PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) mode or PFM (Pulse Frequency Modulation) and PWM auto change mode utilized power save operation at light load current.

### ●Features

- Fast transient response
- Automatic PFM/PWM operation
- Forced PWM operation
- Internal Soft Start
- Under voltage lockout
- Over current protection
- Thermal shutdown

### ●Applications

Smart phones, Cell phones, Portable applications, Micro DC/DC modules, and USB accessories

### ●Package(s)

UCSP35L1 W(Typ.) x D(Typ.) x H(Max.)  
1.30mm x 0.90mm x 0.40mm

### ●Typical Application Circuit(s)

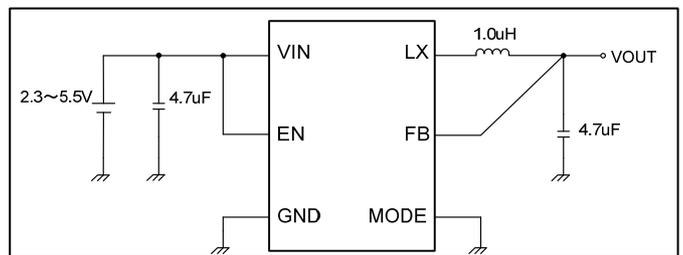


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit(s)

### ●Lineup

| Part No.   | Output voltage | Input voltage | Switching frequency | Operating mode    |            |
|------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|
|            |                |               |                     | MODE=L            | MODE=H     |
| BU90002GWZ | 3.30V          | 4.0V to 5.5V  | 5.4MHz to 6.6MHz    | Automatic PFM/PWM | Forced PWM |
| BU90003GWZ | 1.20V          | 2.3V to 5.5V  | 3.6MHz to 4.4MHz    |                   |            |
| BU90004GWZ | 1.80V          | 2.3V to 5.5V  | 4.8MHz to 6.0MHz    |                   |            |
| BU90005GWZ | 2.50V          | 2.3V to 5.5V  | 5.4MHz to 6.6MHz    | Forced PFM        |            |
| BU90006GWZ | 3.00V          | 2.3V to 5.5V  | 5.4MHz to 6.6MHz    | Automatic PFM/PWM |            |
| BU90007GWZ | 1.25V          | 2.3V to 5.5V  | 3.6MHz to 4.4MHz    |                   |            |
| BU90008GWZ | 1.00V          | 2.3V to 5.5V  | 3.2MHz to 4.0MHz    |                   |            |
| BU90009GWZ | 1.30V          | 2.3V to 5.5V  | 3.8MHz to 4.8MHz    |                   |            |

### ●Pin Configuration(s)

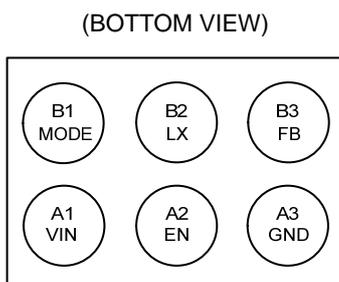


Figure 2. Pin Configuration(s)

### ●Pin Description(s)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Function                   |
|---------|--------|----------------------------|
| A1      | VIN    | Power supply input pin     |
| A2      | EN     | Enable pin                 |
| A3      | GND    | GND pin                    |
| B1      | MODE   | Forced PWM mode pin        |
| B2      | LX     | Inductor connection pin    |
| B3      | FB     | Feedback voltage input pin |

●Block Diagram(s)

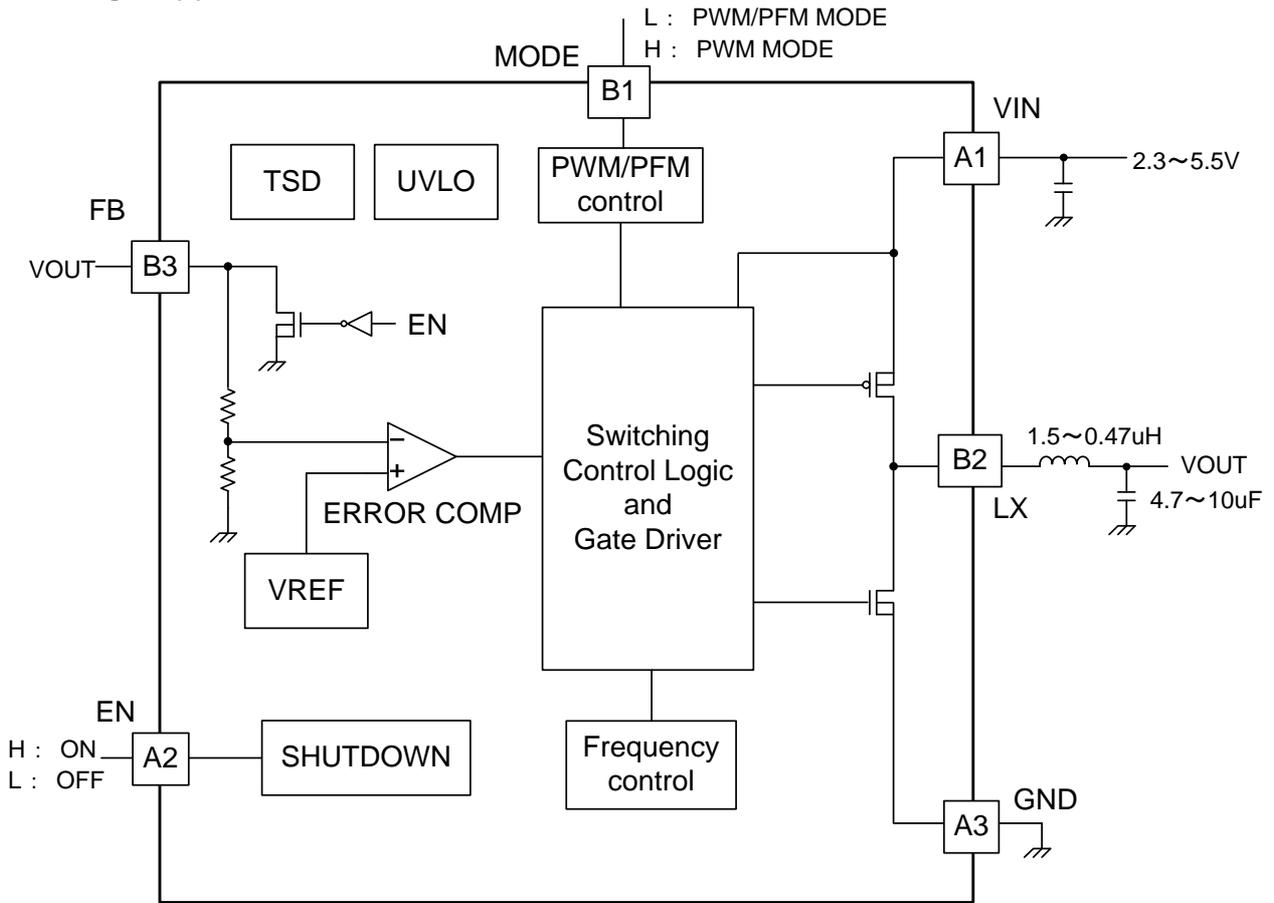


Figure 3. Block Diagram(s)

●Description of Block(s)

The BU9000xGWZ are a synchronous step-down DC/DC converter that achieves fast transient response from light load to heavy load by hysteretic PWM control system and current constant PFM control system.

OPWM control

BU9000xGWZ operates by hysteretic PWM control. This scheme ensures fast switching, high efficiency, and fast transient response.

When the output voltage is below the VREF voltage, the error comparator output is low to high and turning on P-channel MOSFET until above the VREF voltage and minimum on time.

OPFM control

At light load the regulator and MODE=low, the regulator operates with reduced switching frequency and improves the efficiency. During PFM operation, the output voltage slightly higher than typical output voltage.

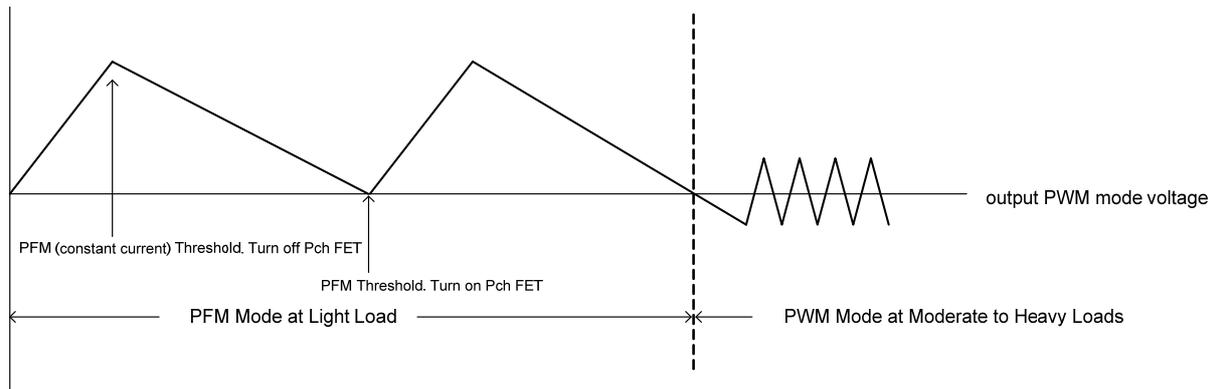


Figure 4. Operation of PFM mode and PWM mode

## ●Description of operations

### 1) Shutdown

If the EN input pin set to low (<0.4V), all circuit are shut down and the regulator is standby mode.  
Do not leave the EN pin floating.

### 2) Soft start function

The regulator has a soft start circuit that reduces in-rush current at start-up. Typical start up times with a 4.7uF output capacitor is 120usec.

### 3) Current limit

The BU9000xGWZ has a current limit circuit that protects itself and external components during overload condition.

### 4) UVLO

The BU9000xGWZ has a Under Voltage Lock Out circuit that turn off device when  $V_{IN} > 2.05V$ (typ.)

### 5) FORCED PWM MODE

Setting MODE pin high (>1.4V) places the regulator in forced PWM. This control provides noise reduction and output stability. Do not leave the MODE pin floating.

### 6) FORCED PFM MODE ( BU90005GWZ)

Setting MODE pin low (<0.4V) places the regulator in forced PFM. It is effective in light load mode.

### 7) TSD

The BU9000xGWZ has a thermal shutdown feature to protect the device if the junction temperature exceeds 150°C. In thermal shutdown, the DRIVER is disabled.

This circuit is only to cut off the IC from thermal runaway, and has not been design to protect or guarantee the IC. Therefore, the user should not plan to activate this circuit with continued operation in mind.

## ●Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter                           | Symbol               | Rating      | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|------|
| Maximum input power supply voltage  | VIN                  | 7           | V    |
| Maximum voltage at EN, FB, LX, MODE | VEN, VFB, VLX, VMODE | 7           | V    |
| Power dissipation                   | Pd                   | 0.39(*1)    | W    |
| Operating temperature range         | Topr                 | -40 to +85  | °C   |
| Storage temperature range           | Tstg                 | -55 to +125 | °C   |
| Junction temperature                | Tjmax                | +125        | °C   |

(\*1) When mounted on the specified PCB (55mm x 63mm), Deducted by 3.9m W/c when used over Ta=25c

## ●Recommended Operating Rating(s)

| Parameter     | Symbol | Rating |      |      | Unit | Serie              |
|---------------|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------------------|
|               |        | Min.   | Typ. | Max. |      |                    |
| Input voltage | VIN    | 4.0    | -    | 5.5  | V    | BU90002GWZ         |
|               |        | 2.3    | -    | 5.5  |      | BU90003~BU90009GWZ |

● **Electrical Characteristic(s)** (unless otherwise specified VIN=3.6V, Ta=25°C)

| Item                         | Symbol        | Rating |      |      | Unit | Condition   |  |
|------------------------------|---------------|--------|------|------|------|---|--|
|                              |               | Min.   | Typ. | Max. |      |   |  |
| <b>【Switching regulator】</b> |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| Output voltage accuracy      | VOUTA         | -2     | -    | +2   | %    | MODE:H(PWM Operation)   |  |
|                              |               | -2     | -    | +3   |      | MODE:L(PFM Operation)   |  |
| Maximum load current         | IoutMAX1      | -      | -    | 1.0  | A    | 3.0V ≤ VIN < 5.5V   |  |
|                              | IoutMAX2      | -      | -    | 0.8  | A    | 2.7V ≤ VIN < 3.0V   |  |
|                              | IoutMAX3      | -      | -    | 0.6  | A    | 2.3V ≤ VIN < 2.7V   |  |
|                              | IoutMAX4      | -      | -    | 0.1  | A    | MODE:L(PFM Operation)<br>(BU90005GWZ.)  |  |
| <b>【Soft start】</b>          |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| Soft start time              | Tss           | 65     | 120  | 240  | usec | (BU90002GWZ, BU90003GWZ,<br>BU90004GWZ, BU90005GWZ,<br>BU90006GWZ, BU90007GWZ,<br>BU90009GWZ)   |  |
|                              |               | 55     | 110  | 220  | usec | (BU90008GWZ)  |  |
| <b>【Frequency control】</b>   |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| Switching frequency          | fosc          | 5.4    | 6.0  | 6.6  | MHz  | No load, MODE:H<br>(BU90002GWZ, BU90005GWZ,<br>BU90006GWZ)  |  |
|                              |               | 4.8    | 5.4  | 6.0  | MHz  | No load, MODE:H<br>(BU90004GWZ)   |  |
|                              |               | 3.6    | 4.0  | 4.4  | MHz  | No load, MODE:H<br>(BU90003GWZ, BU90007GWZ)   |  |
|                              |               | 3.2    | 3.6  | 4.0  | MHz  | No load, MODE:H<br>(BU90008GWZ)   |  |
|                              |               | 3.8    | 4.3  | 4.8  | MHz  | No load, MODE:H<br>(BU90009GWZ)   |  |
| <b>【Driver】</b>              |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| PchFET on resistance         | RonP1         | -      | 250  | 400  | mOhm | VIN=5.0V  |  |
|                              | RonP2         | -      | 300  | 450  | mOhm | VIN=3.6V  |  |
| NchFET on resistance         | RonN1         | -      | 220  | 350  | mOhm | VIN=5.0V  |  |
|                              | RonN2         | -      | 250  | 380  | mOhm | VIN=3.6V  |  |
| <b>【Control】</b>             |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| EN pin control voltage       | Operation     | VENH   | 1.4  | -    | VIN  | V   |  |
|                              | Non Operation | VENL   | 0    | -    | 0.4  | V   |  |
| MODE pin control voltage     | Operation     | VMODEH | 1.4  | -    | VIN  | V   | Forced PWM                                     |
|                              | Non Operation | VMODEL | 0    | -    | 0.4  | V   | Automatic PFM/PWM<br>(BU90005GWZ : Forced PFM) |
| <b>【UVLO】</b>                |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| Protect threshold voltage    | Uvth          | 1.95   | 2.05 | 2.15 | V    |   |  |
| Hysteresis                   | Uvhy          | 50     | 100  | 150  | mV   |   |  |
| <b>【Current limit】</b>       |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| Current limit threshold      | ILIMIT        | 1.5    | 1.7  | 1.9  | A    | PMOS current detect,<br>Open loop   |  |
| <b>【Output discharge】</b>    |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| Output discharge resistance  | DRES          | 15     | 30   | 60   | Ohm  | EN=0V, FB=0.5V  |  |
| <b>【Circuit current】</b>     |               |        |      |      |      |   |  |
| Operating quiescent current  | IINS1         | -      | 45   | 65   | uA   | No load, EN:H, MODE:L,<br>VOUT=3.6V forced<br>Not switching<br>(BU90003GWZ, BU90004GWZ,<br>BU90005GWZ, BU90007GWZ,<br>BU90008GWZ, BU90009GWZ) |  |
|                              | IINS2         | -      | 55   | 80   | uA   | No load, EN:H, MODE:L,<br>VOUT=3.6V forced<br>Not switching<br>(BU90002GWZ, BU90006GWZ)   |  |
|                              | IQ1           | -      | 5.2  | -    | mA   | No load, EN:H, MODE:H,<br>PWM operation<br>L:LQM21MPN1R0NG0<br>(BU90003GWZ)   |  |
|                              | IQ2           | -      | 5.6  | -    | mA   | No load, EN:H, MODE:H,<br>PWM operation<br>L:LQM21MPN1R0NG0<br>(BU90004GWZ)   |  |
| Shutdown current             | SHD           | -      | 0    | 1    | uA   | EN=0V   |  |

●Electrical Characteristic curves (Reference data)

BU90002GWZ (3.3V OUTPUT)

Parts

L:LQM21MPN1R0NG0 (2.0mm × 1.6mm × 1.0mm Murata)

COU:GRM155R60J475M(1.0mm × 0.5mm × 0.5mm Murata)

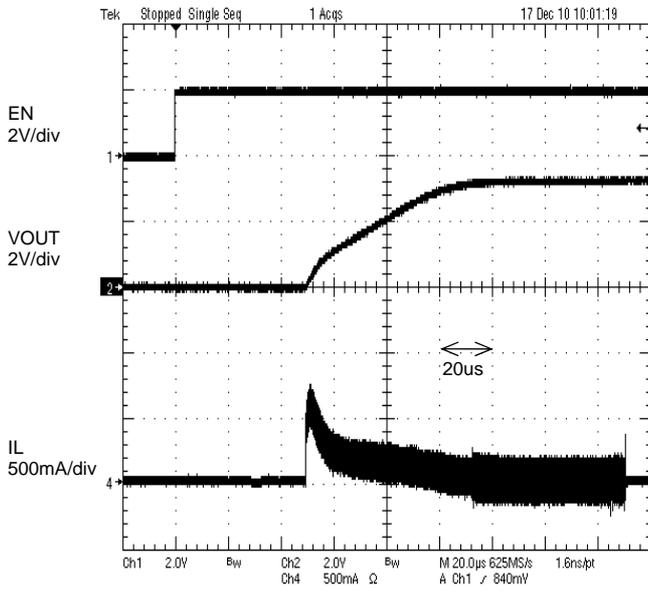


Figure 5. Start up

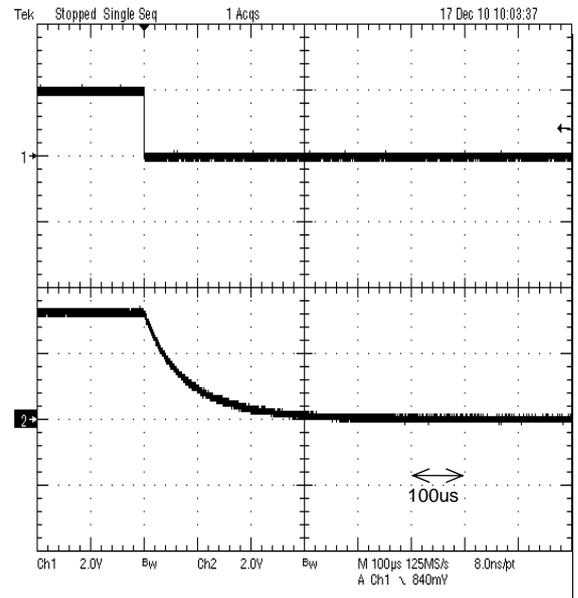


Figure 6. Shut down

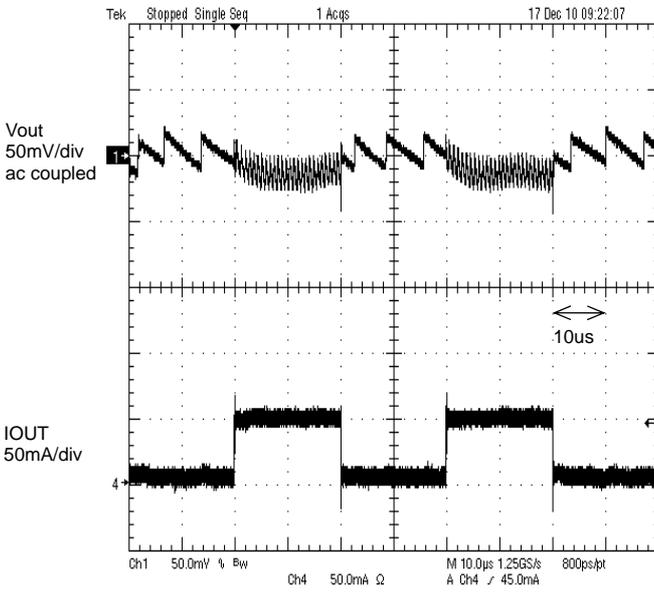


Figure 7. Load transient response 5mA to 50mA  
tr=tf=100ns, MODE : Low

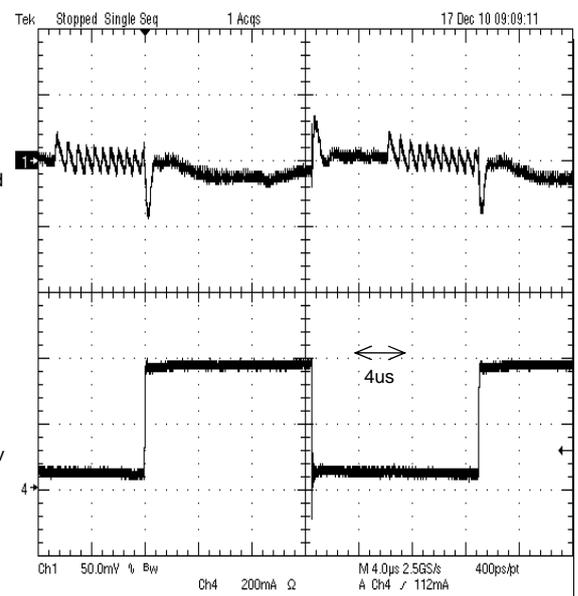


Figure 8. Load transient response 50mA to 350mA  
tr=tf=100ns, MODE : Low

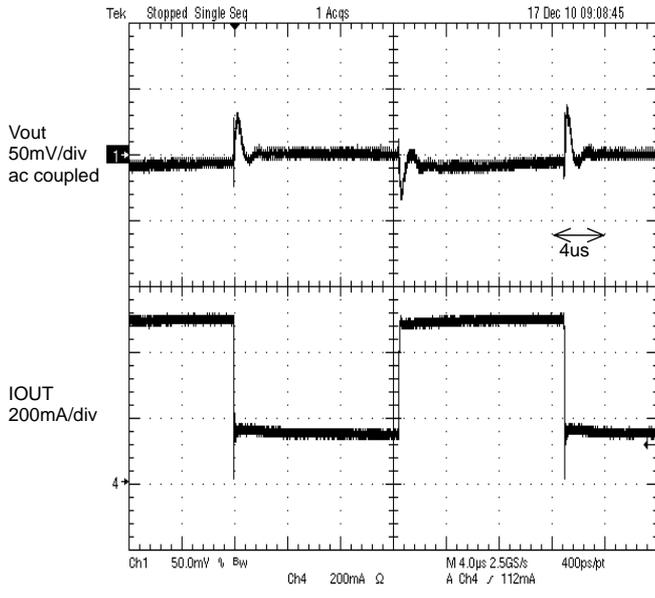


Figure 9. Load transient response 150mA to 500mA  
tr=tf=100ns, MODE : High

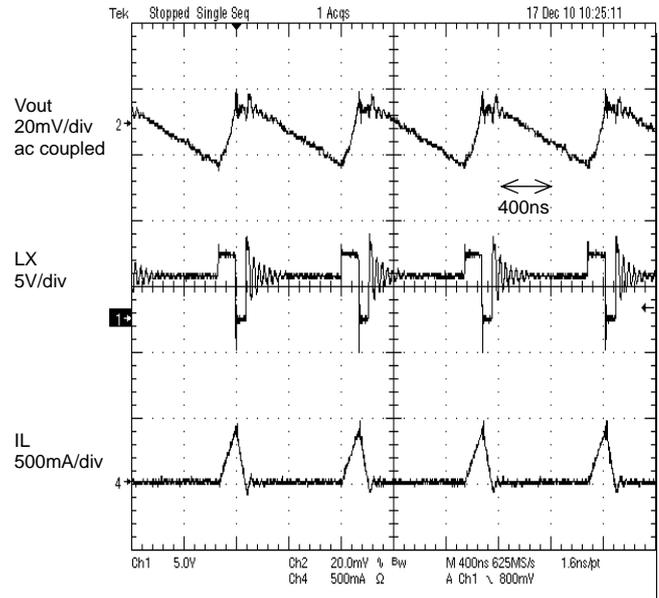


Figure 10. PFM mode Operation  
Iout=40mA

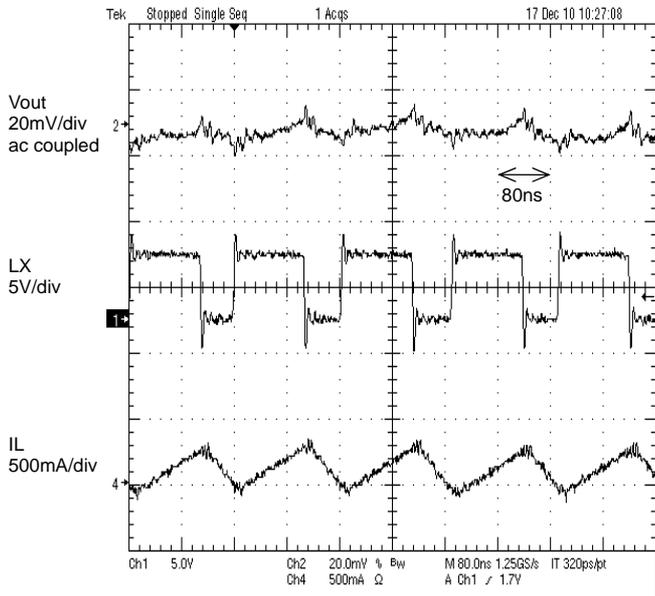


Figure 11. PWM mode Operation  
Iout=100mA

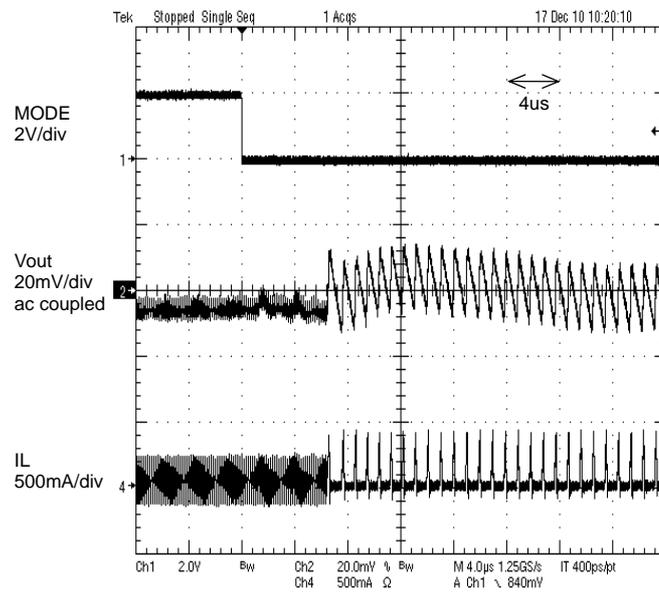


Figure 12. Mode Change Response  
MODE : High to Low

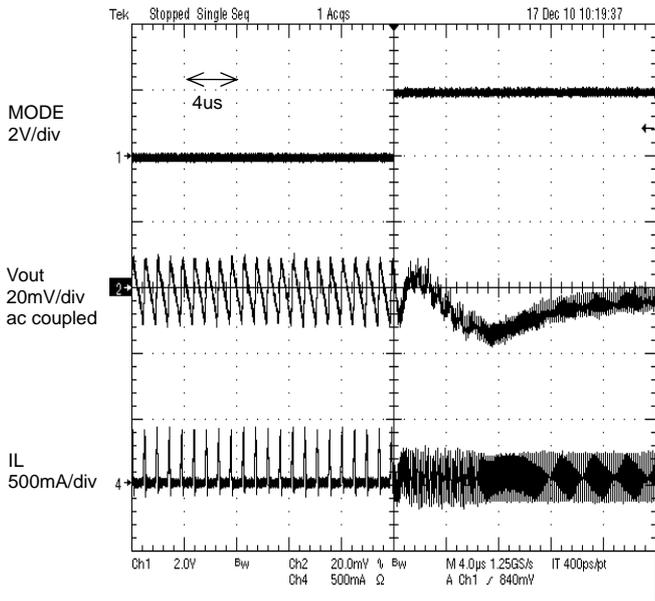


Figure 13. Mode Change Response  
MODE : Low to High

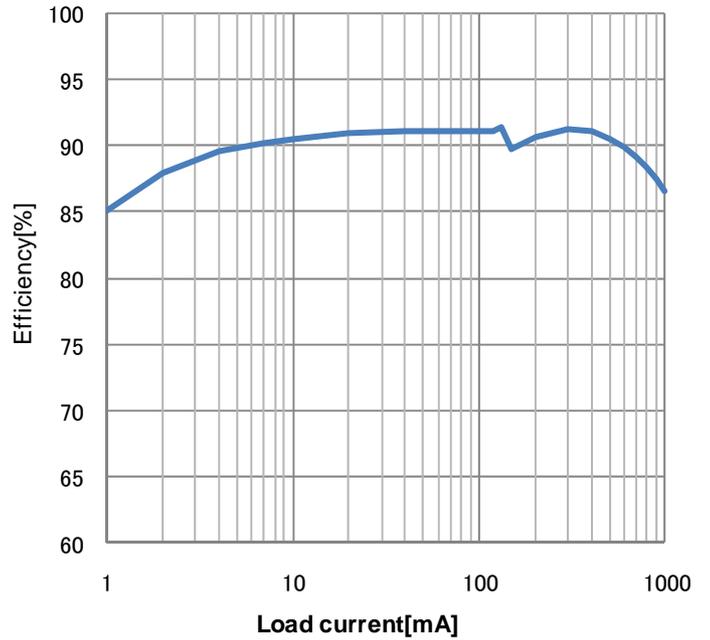


Figure 14. Efficiency vs Load current  
VIN=5V PWM/PFM Auto mode

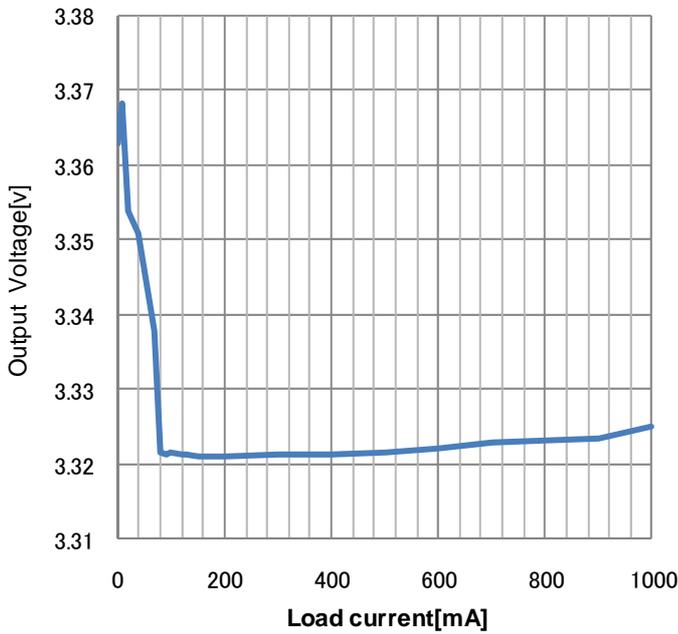


Figure 15. Load regulation  
VIN=5V PWM/PFM Auto mode

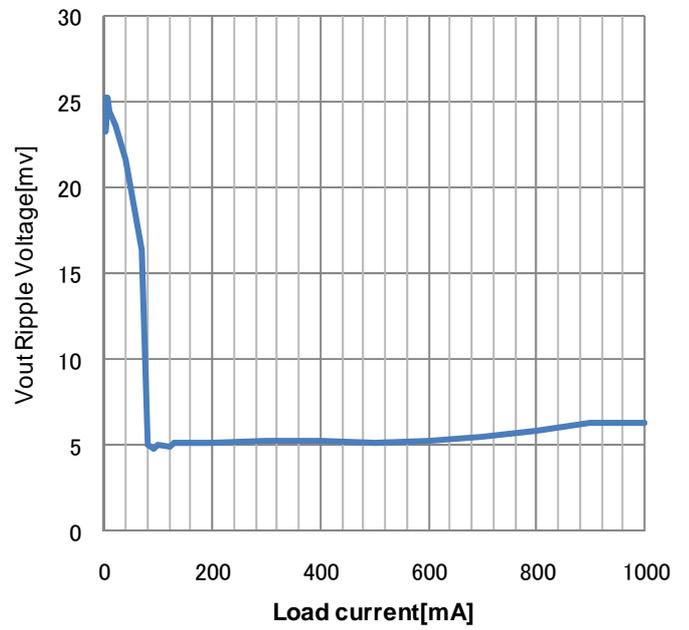


Figure 16. Vout Ripple Voltage  
VIN=5V PWM/PFM Auto mode

● Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data)  
 BU90003GWZ (1.2V OUTPUT)

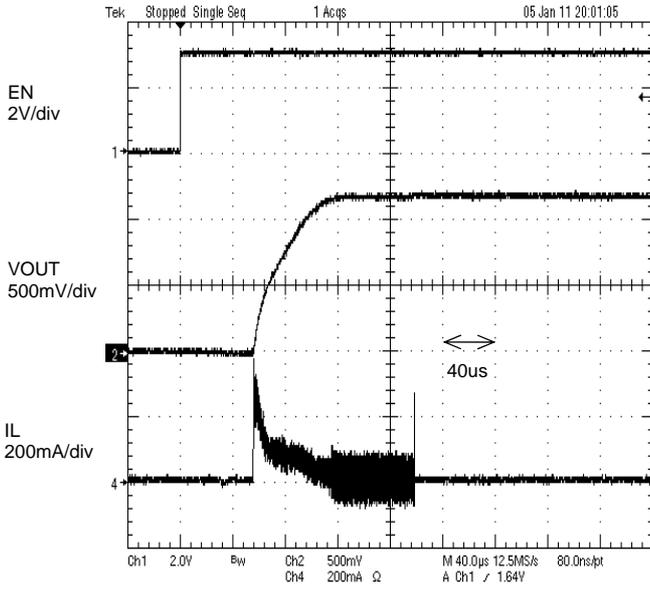


Figure 17. Start up

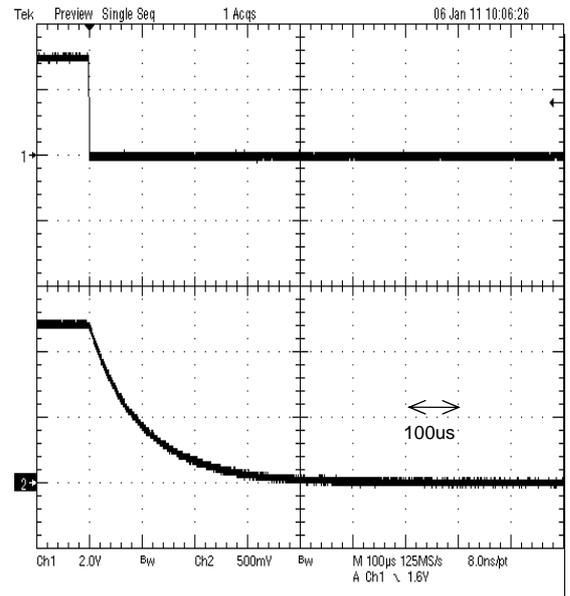


Figure 18. Shut down

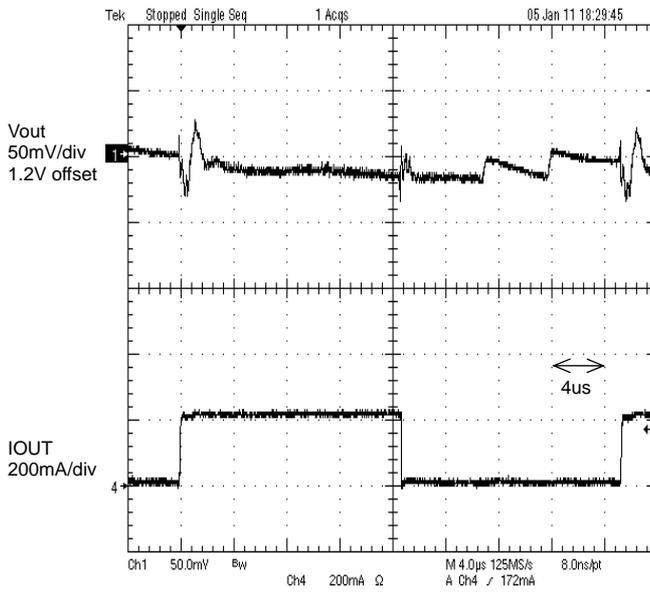


Figure 19. Load transient response 5mA to 200mA  
 $tr=100ns$ , MODE : Low

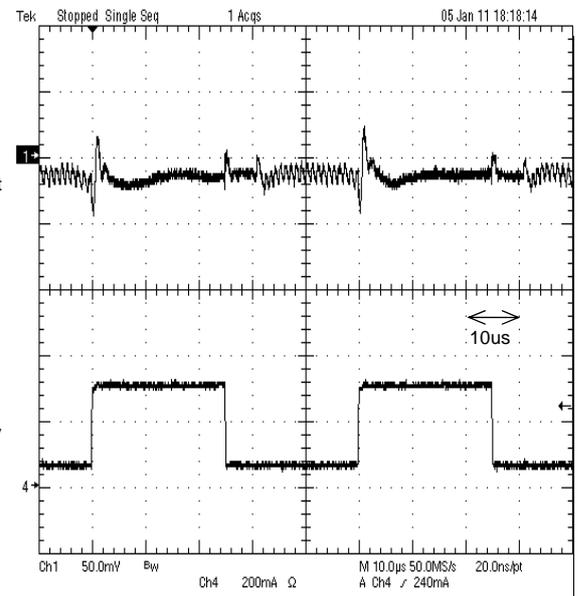


Figure 20. Load transient response 50mA to 350mA  
 $tr=100ns$ , MODE : Low

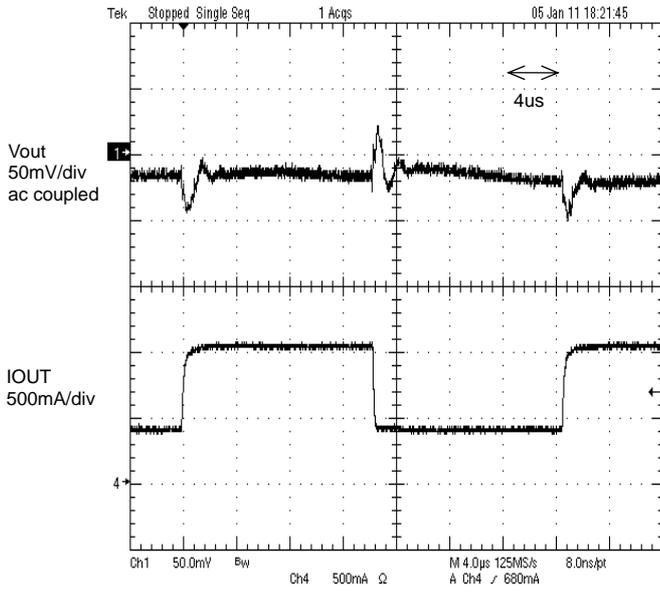


Figure 21. Load transient response 400mA to 1000mA  
tr=tf=100ns, MODE : Low

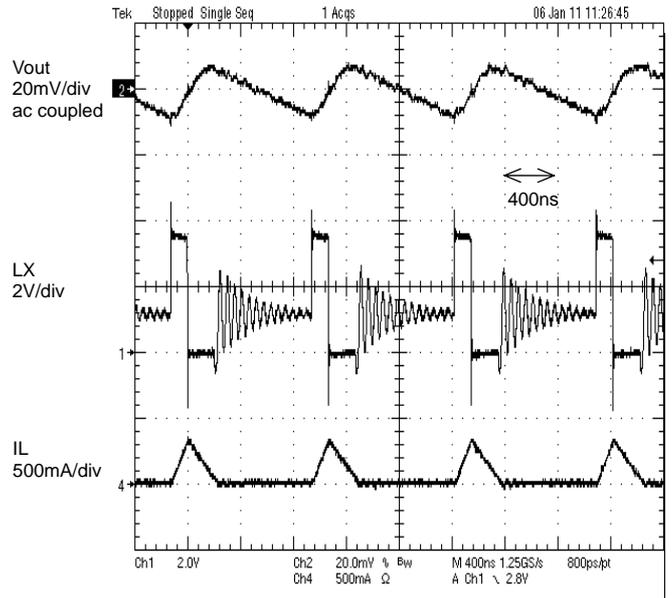


Figure 22. PFM mode Operation Iout=50mA

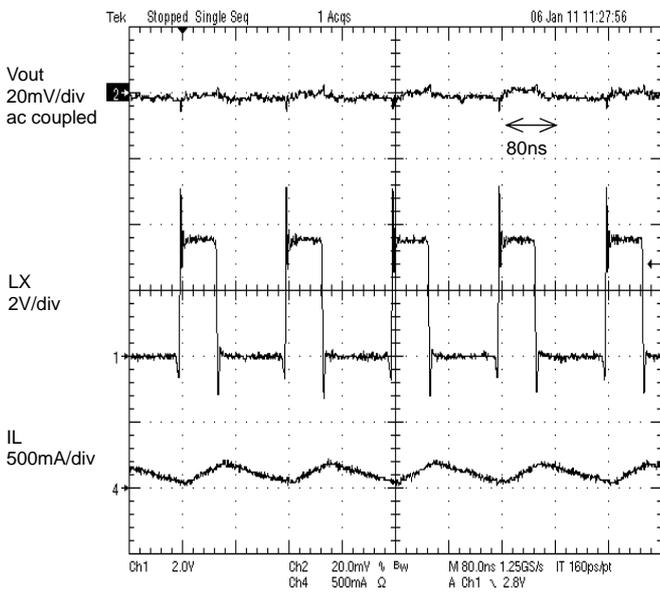


Figure 23. Fig.23 PWM mode Operation Iout=100mA

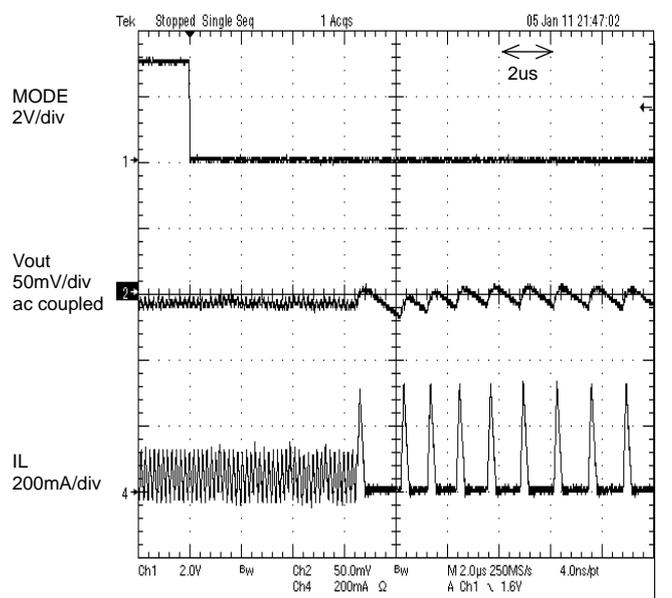


Figure 24. Mode Change Response  
MODE : High to Low

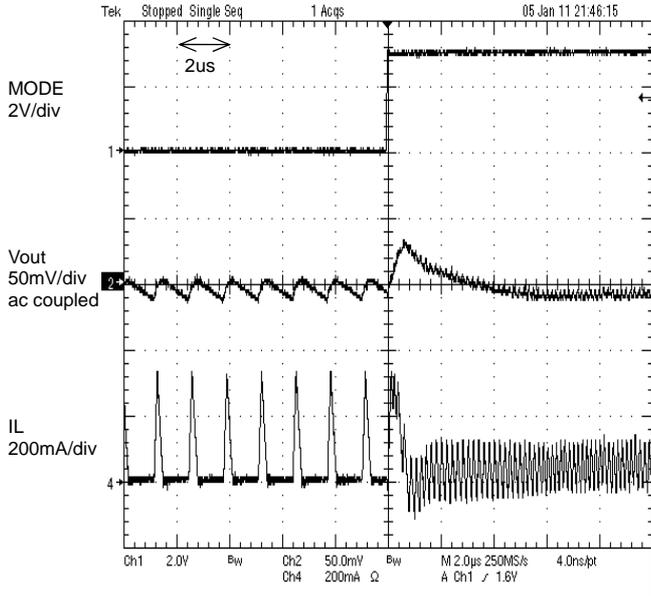


Figure 25. Mode Change Response  
MODE : Low to High

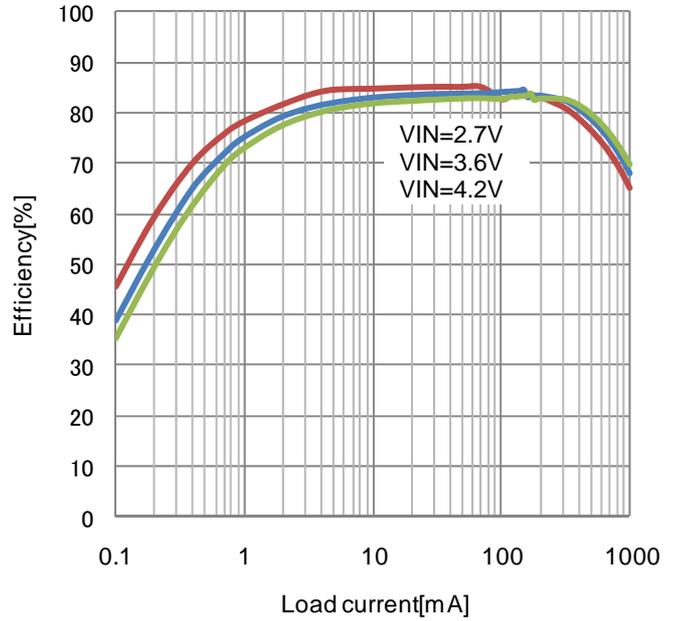


Figure 26. Efficiency vs Load current  
PWM/PFM Auto mode

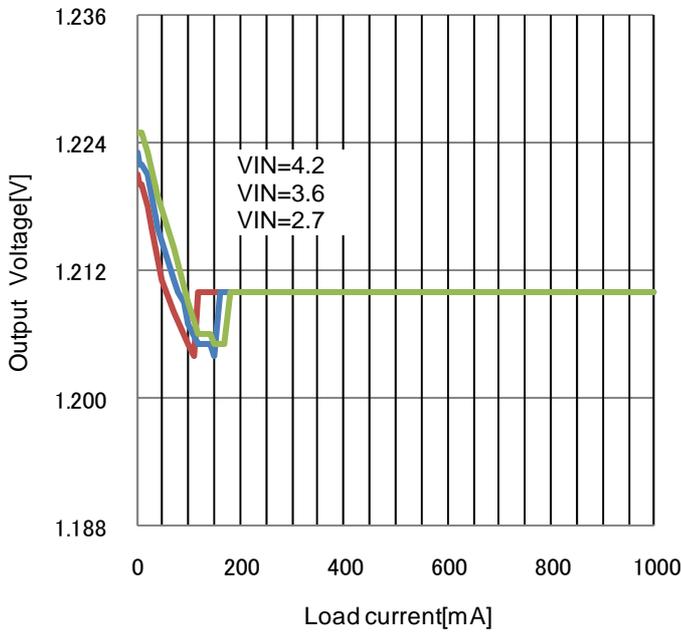


Figure 27. Load regulation  
PWM/PFM Auto mode

●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data)  
 BU90004GWZ (1.80V OUTPUT)

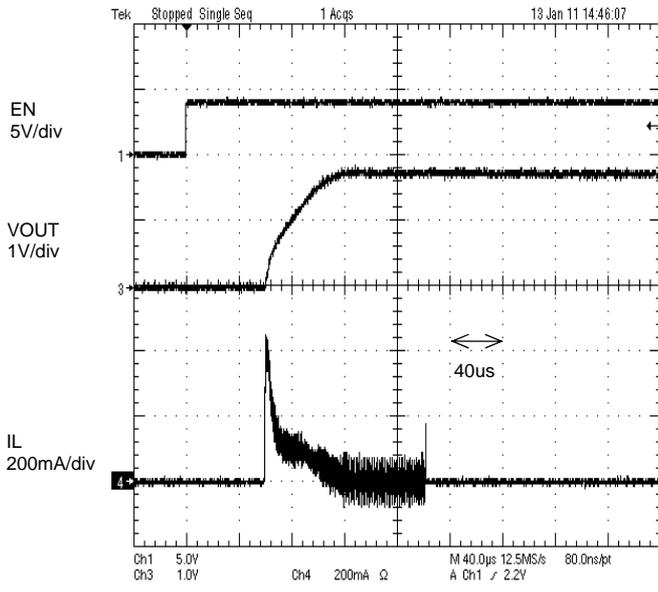


Figure 28. Start up

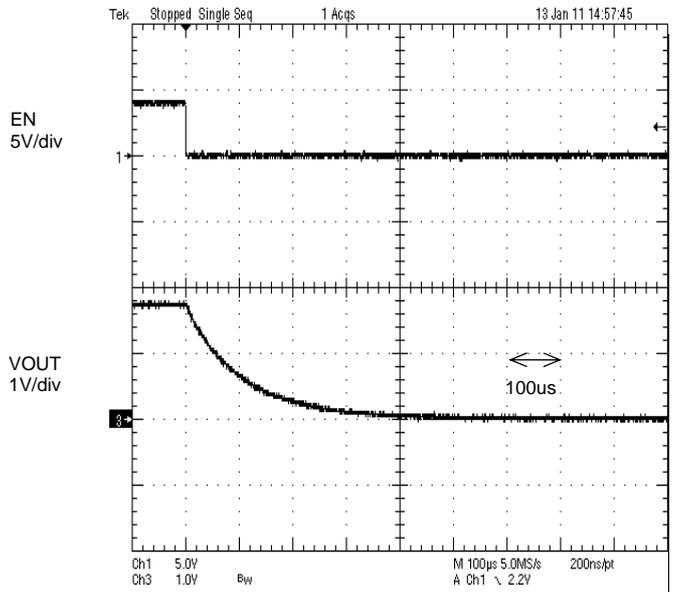


Figure 29. Shut down

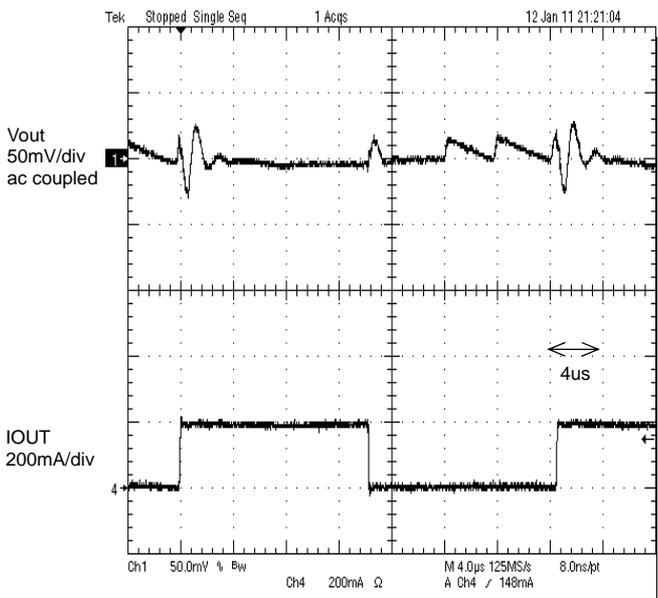


Figure 30. Load transient response 5mA to 200mA  
 tr=tf=100ns, Mode : Low

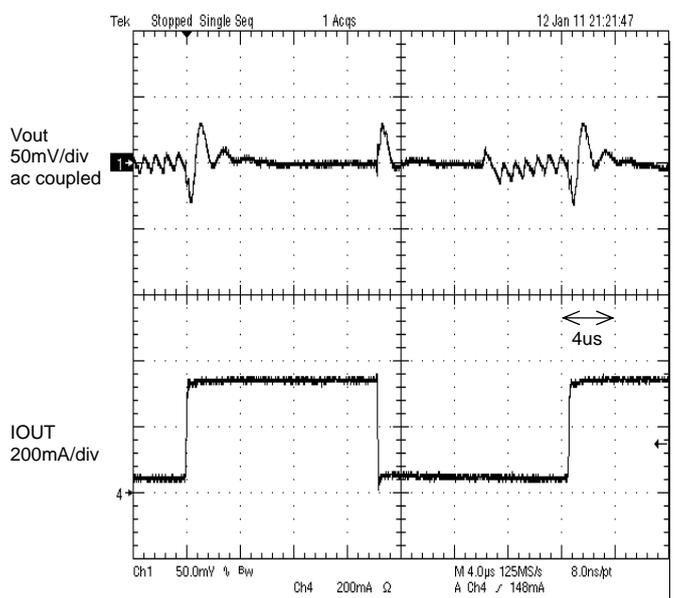


Figure 31. Load transient response 50mA to 350mA  
 tr=tf=100ns, Mode :Low

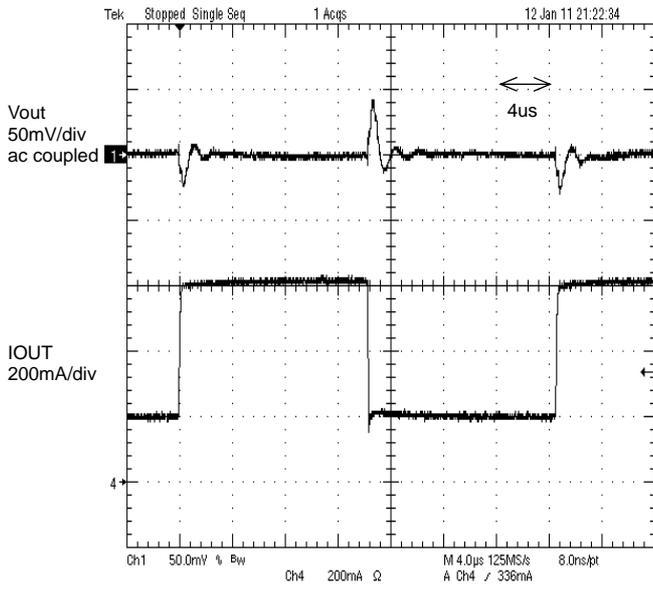


Figure 32. Load transient response 200mA to 600mA  $tr=100ns$ , MODE : Low

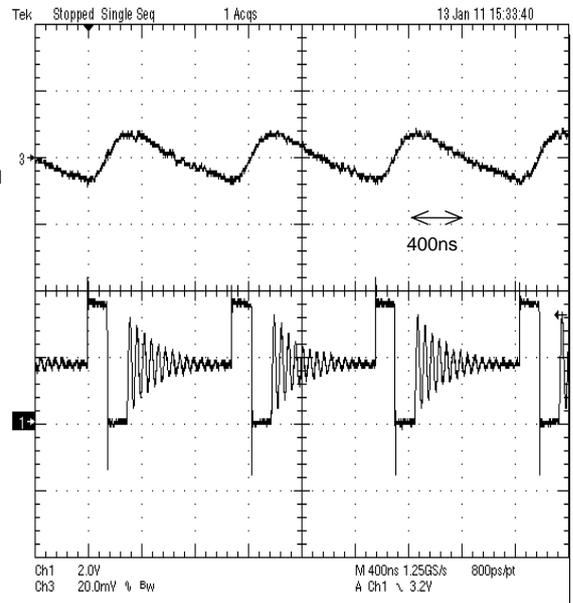


Figure 33. PFM mode Operation  $I_{out}=50mA$

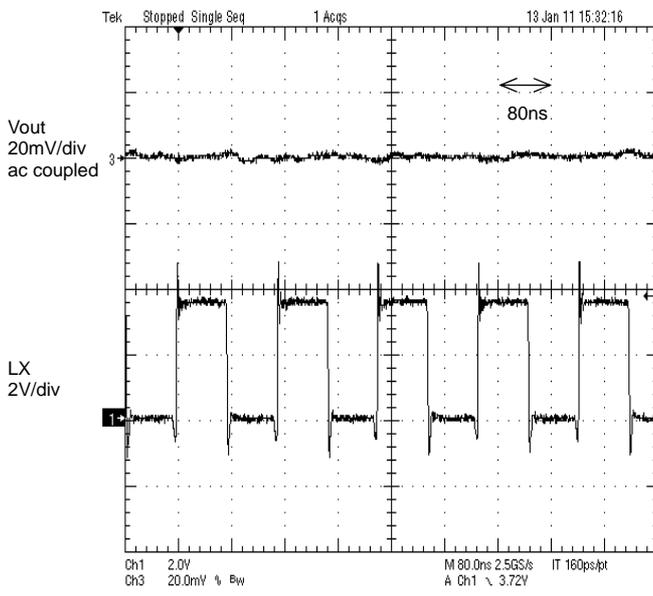


Figure 34. PWM mode Operation  $I_{out}=100mA$

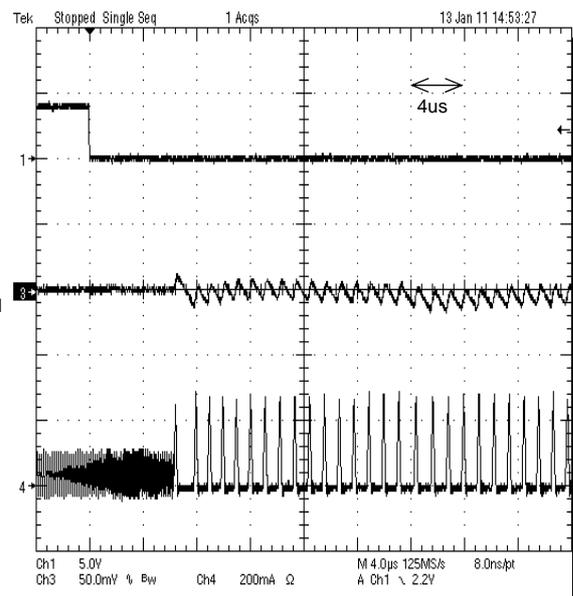


Figure 35. Mode Change Response MODE : High to Low

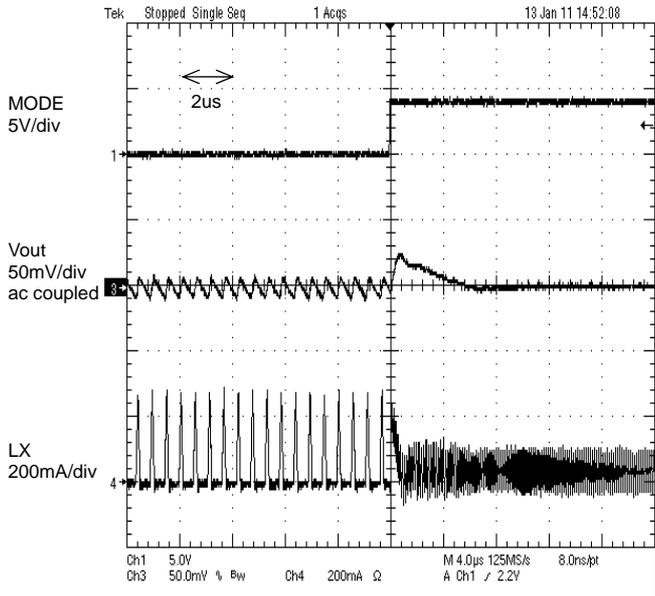


Figure 36. Mode Change Response  
MODE : Low to High

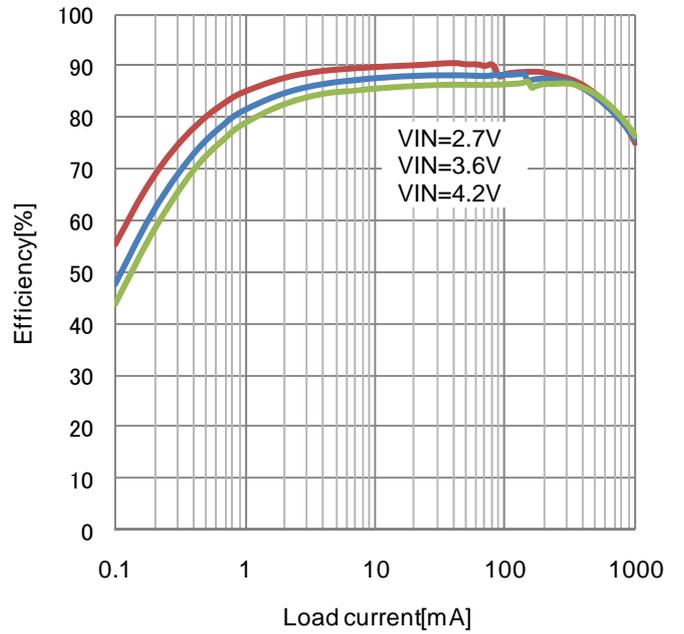


Figure 37. Efficiency vs Load current  
PWM/PFM Auto mode

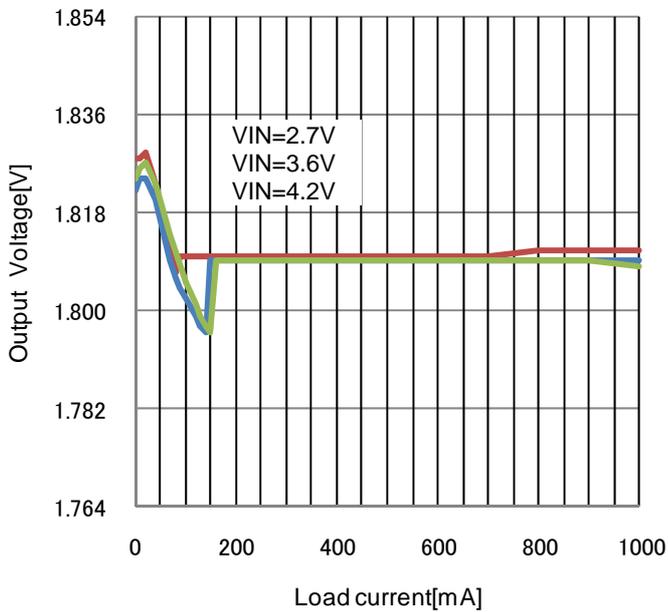


Figure 38. Load regulation  
PWM/PFM Auto mode

● Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data)  
 BU90005GWZ (2.50V OUTPUT)

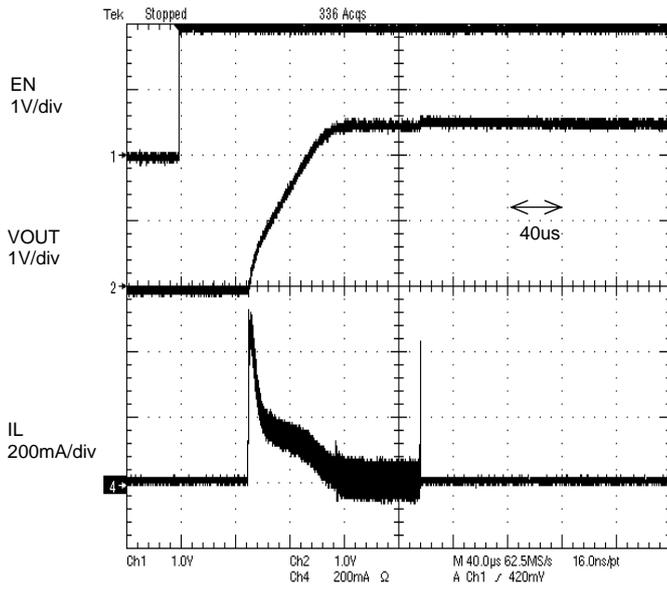


Figure 39. Start up

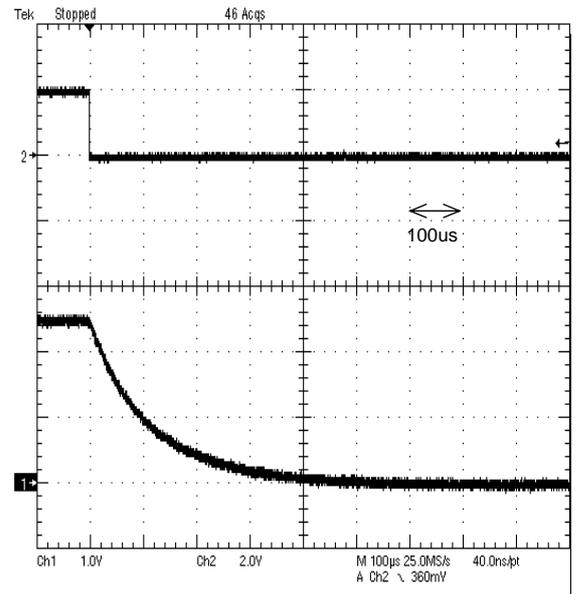


Figure 40. Shut down

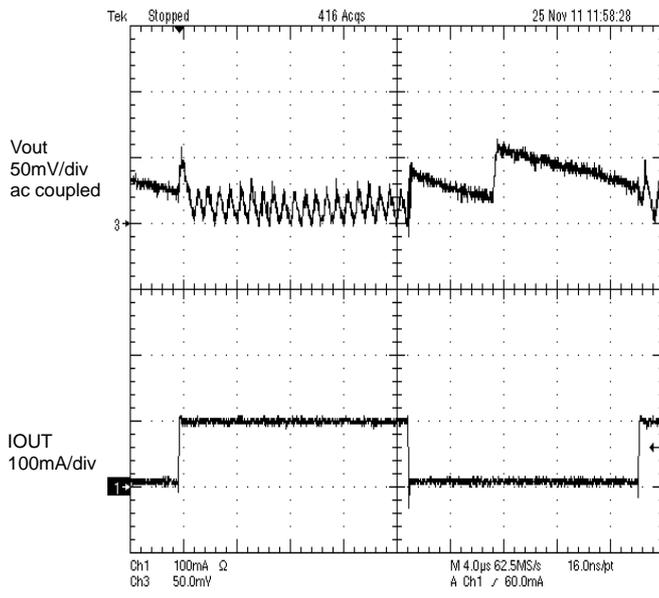


Figure 41. Load transient response 5mA to 100mA  
 tr=tf=100ns, MODE : Low

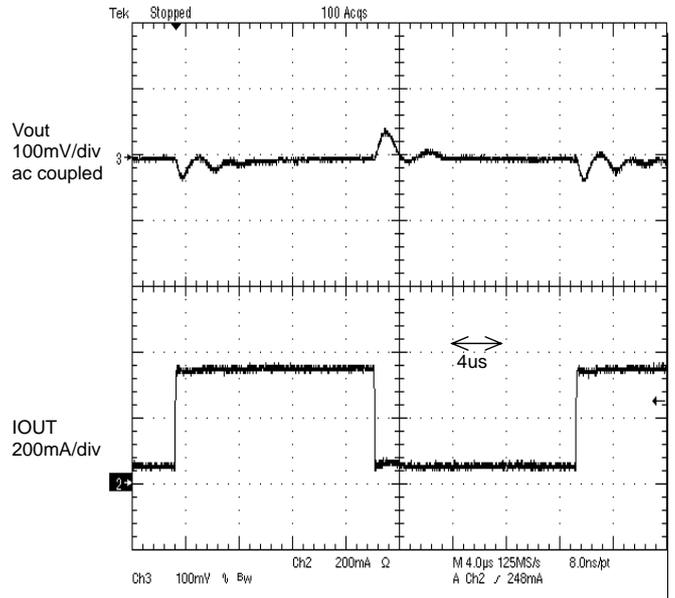


Figure 42. Load transient response 50mA to 350mA  
 tr=tf=100ns, MODE : High

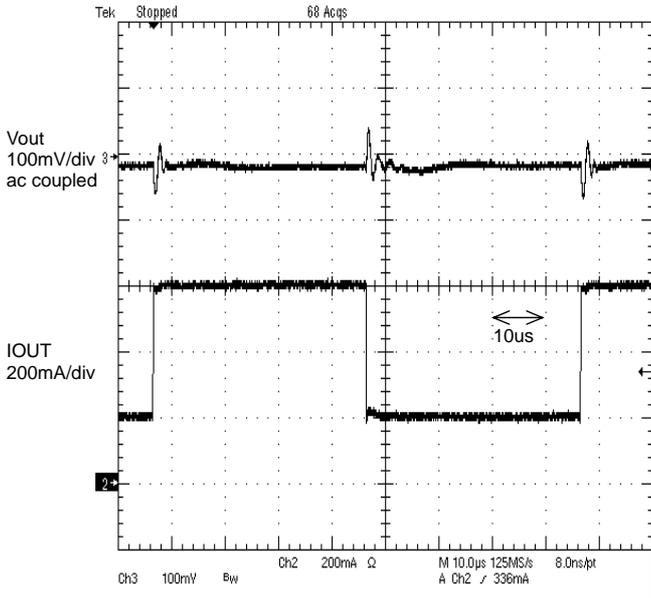


Figure 43. Load transient response 200mA to 600mA  
tr=tf=100ns, MODE : High

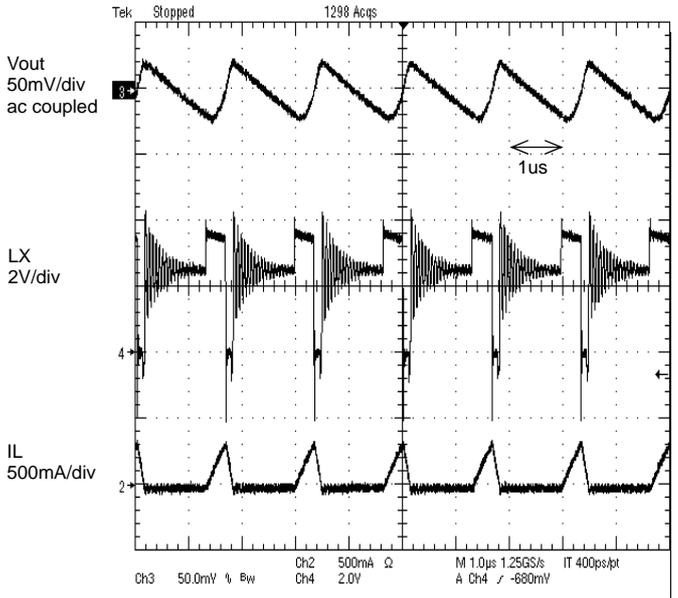


Figure 44. PFM mode Operation Iout=50mA

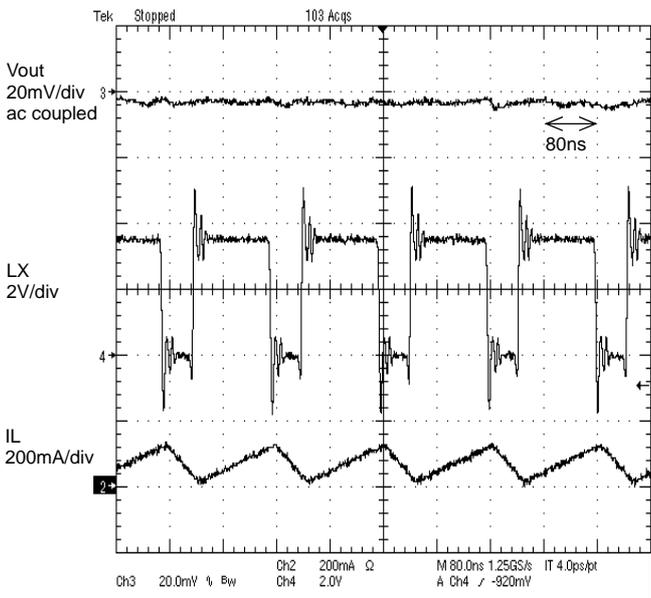


Figure 45. PWM mode Operation Iout=100mA

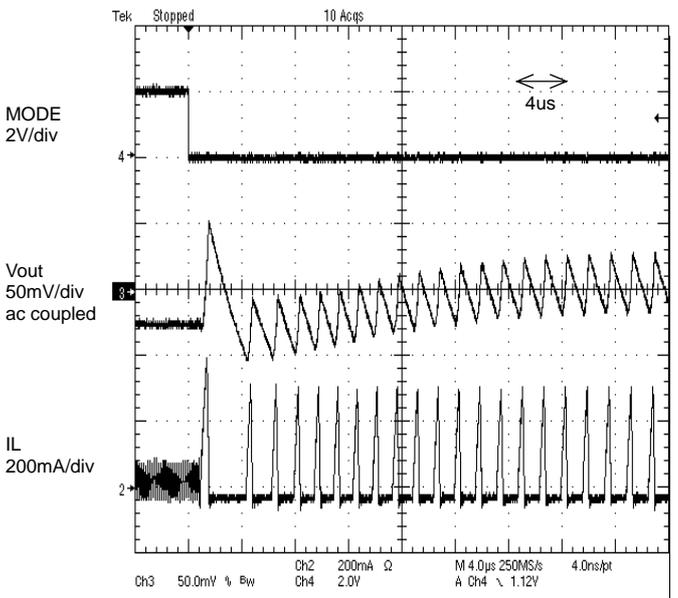


Figure 46. Mode Change Response  
MODE : High to Low

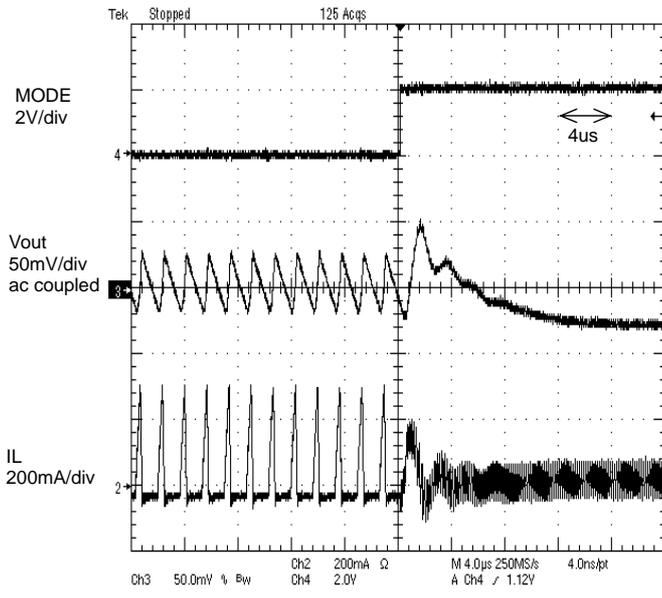


Figure 47. Mode Change Response  
MODE : Low to High

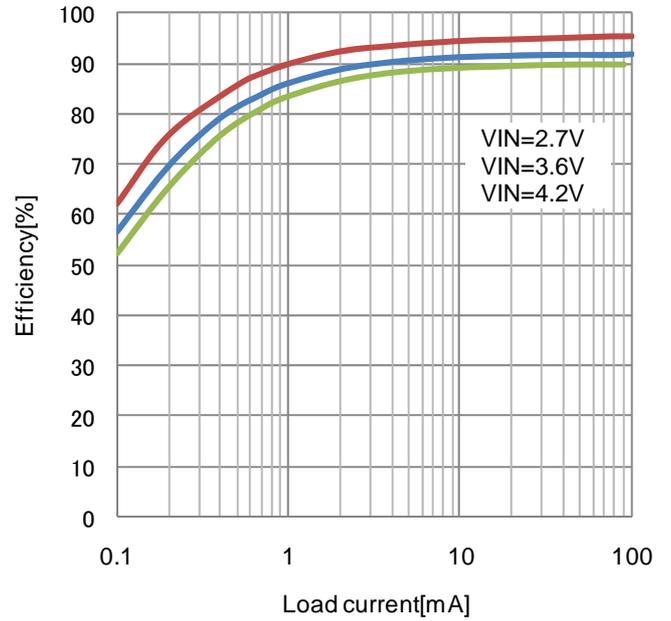


Figure 48. Efficiency vs Load current  
PFM mode

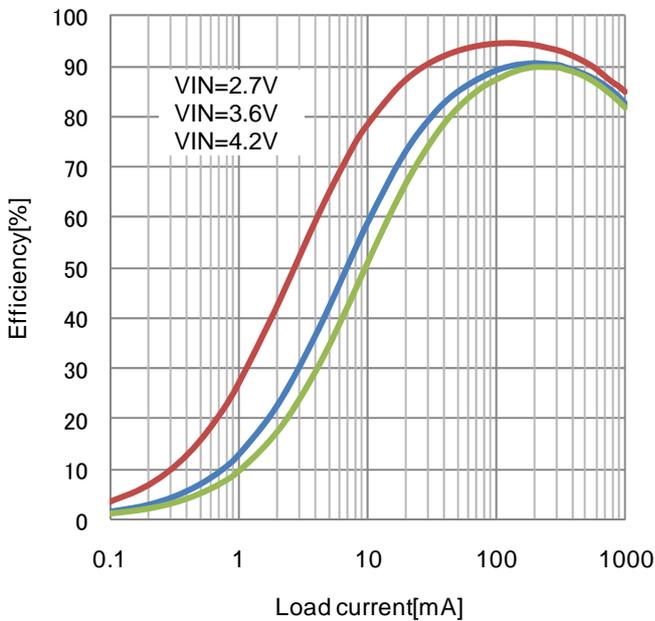


Figure 49. Efficiency vs Load current  
PWM mode

● Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data)  
 BU90008GWZ (1.000V OUTPUT)

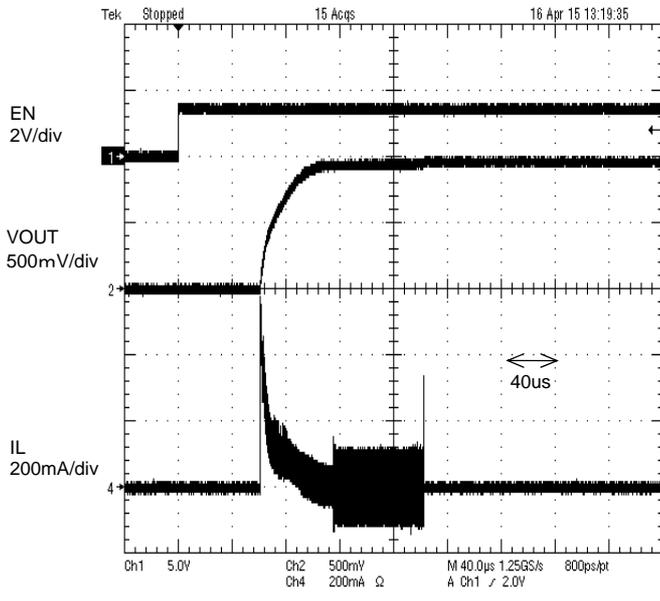


Figure 50. Start up

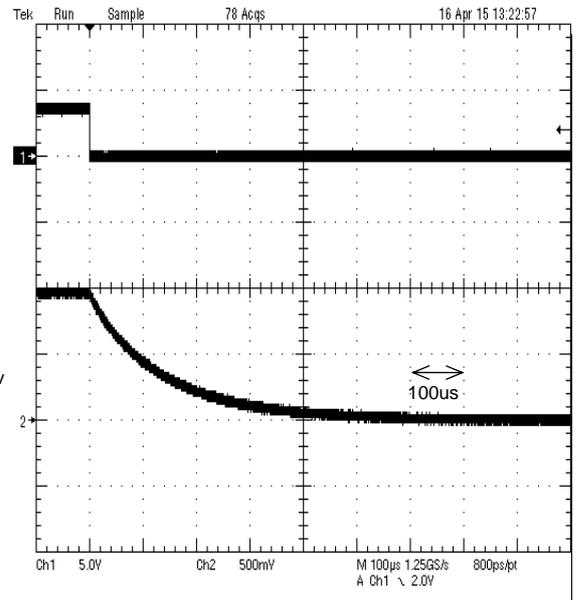


Figure 51. Shut down

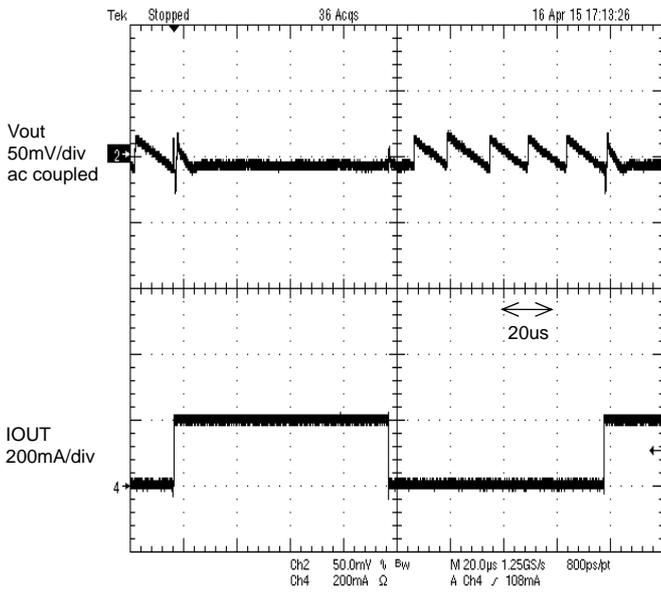


Figure 52. Load transient response 5mA to 100mA  
 $tr=100ns$ , MODE : Low

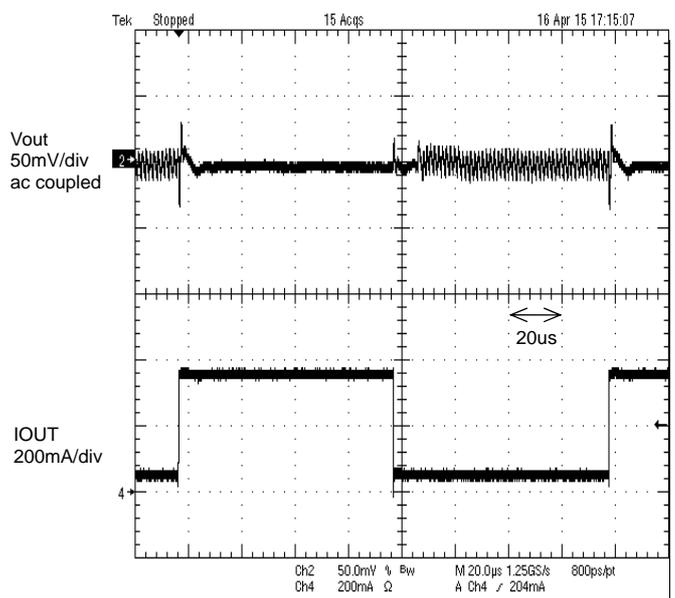


Figure 53. Load transient response 50mA to 350mA  
 $tr=100ns$ , MODE : High

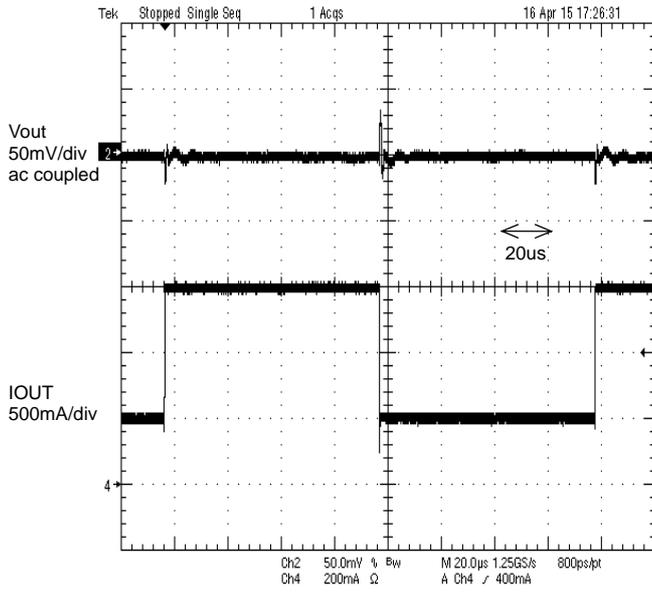


Figure 54. Load transient response 200mA to 600mA  
tr=tf=100ns, MODE : High

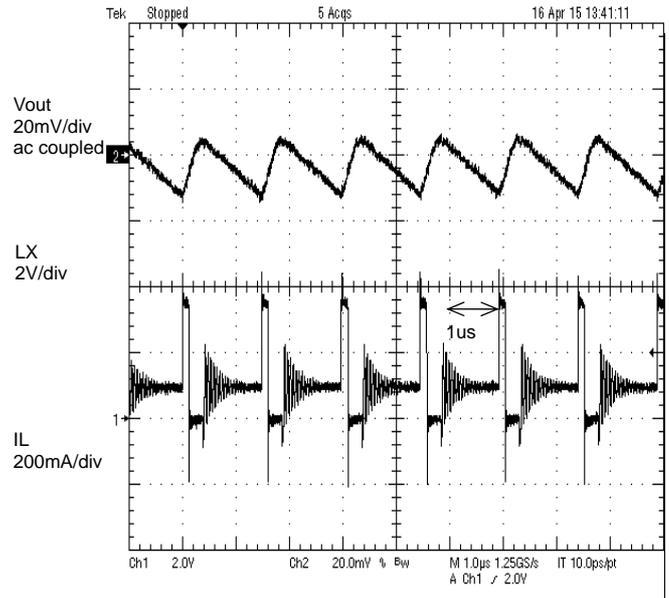


Figure 55. PFM mode Operation Iout=50mA

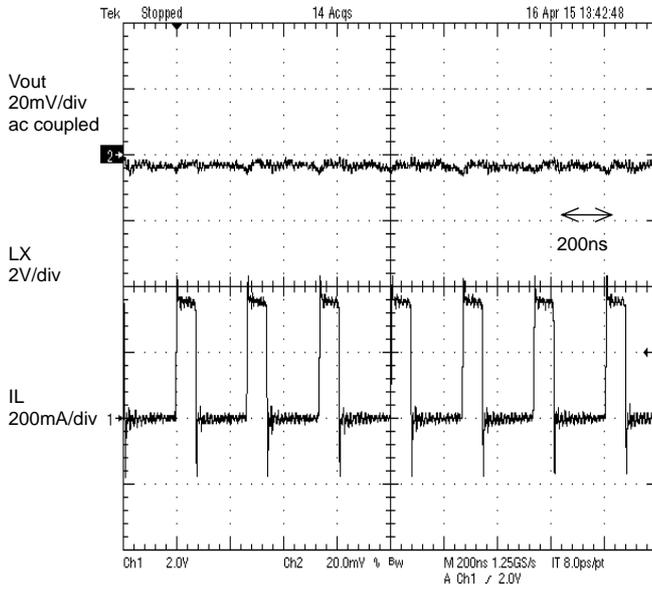


Figure 56. PWM mode Operation Iout=100mA

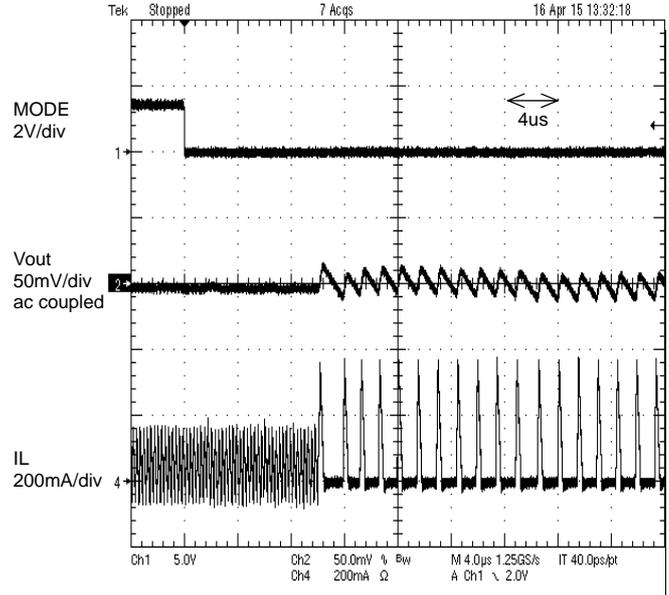


Figure 57. Mode Change Response  
MODE : High to Low

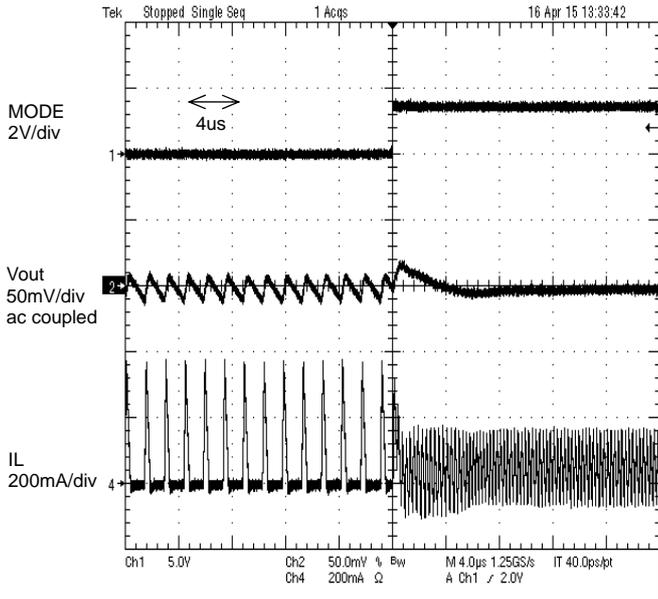


Figure 58. Mode Change Response  
MODE : Low to High

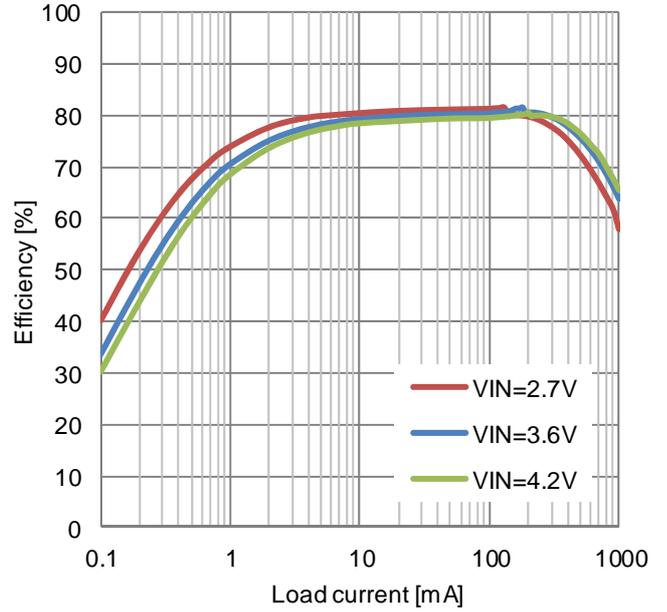


Figure 59. Efficiency vs Load current  
PFM mode

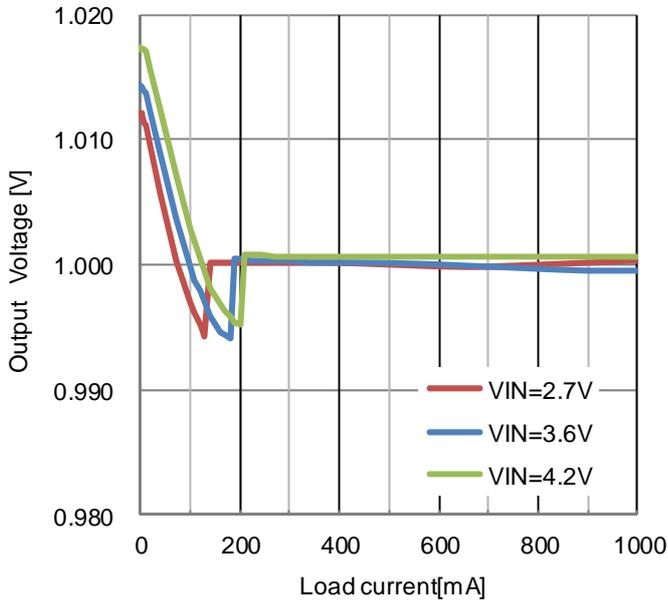


Figure 60. Efficiency vs Load current  
PWM mode

●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data)  
BU90009GWZ (1.300V OUTPUT)

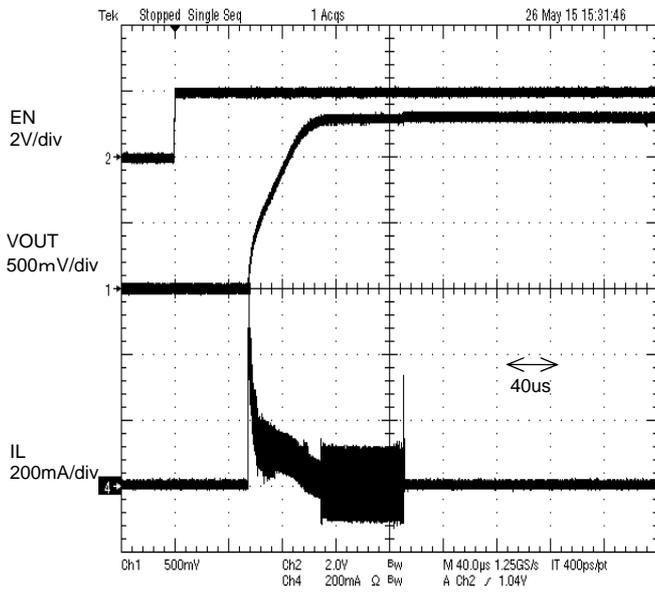


Figure 61. Start up

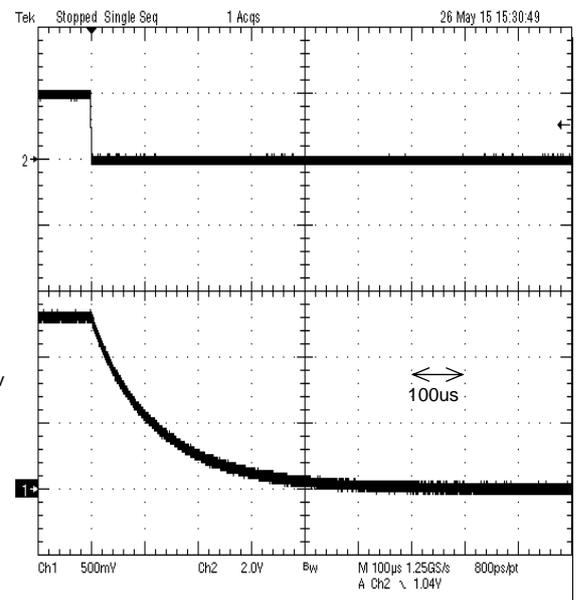


Figure 62. Shut down

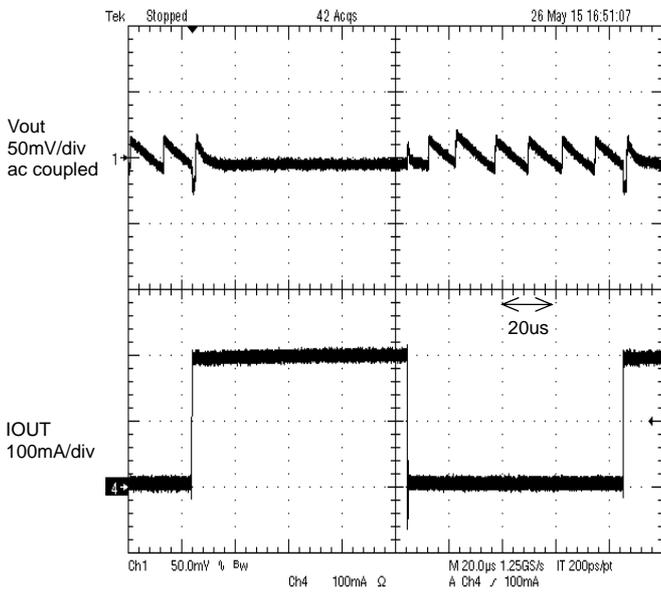


Figure 63. Load transient response 5mA to 50mA  
 $tr=tf=100ns$ , MODE : Low

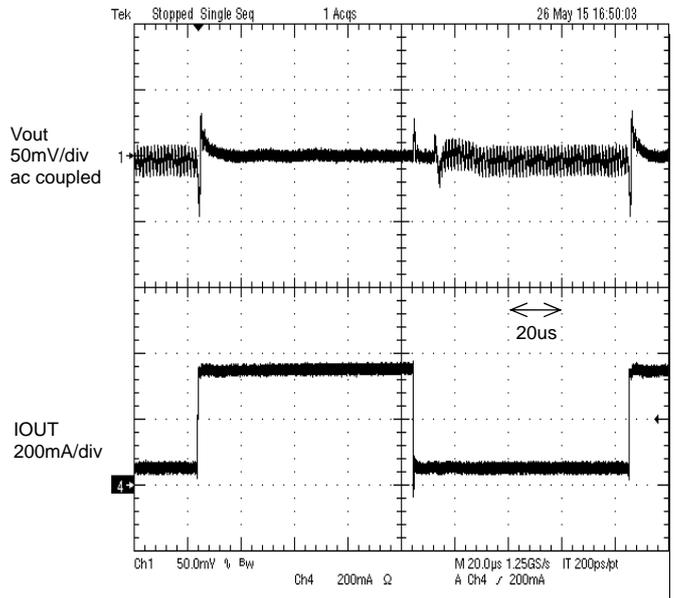


Figure 64. Load transient response 50mA to 350mA  
 $tr=tf=100ns$ , MODE : Low

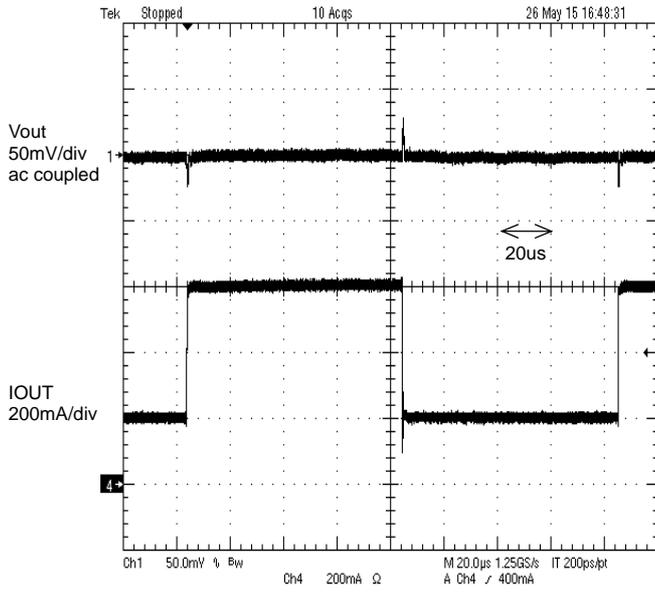


Figure 65. Load transient response 150mA to 500mA  
tr=tf=100ns, MODE : High

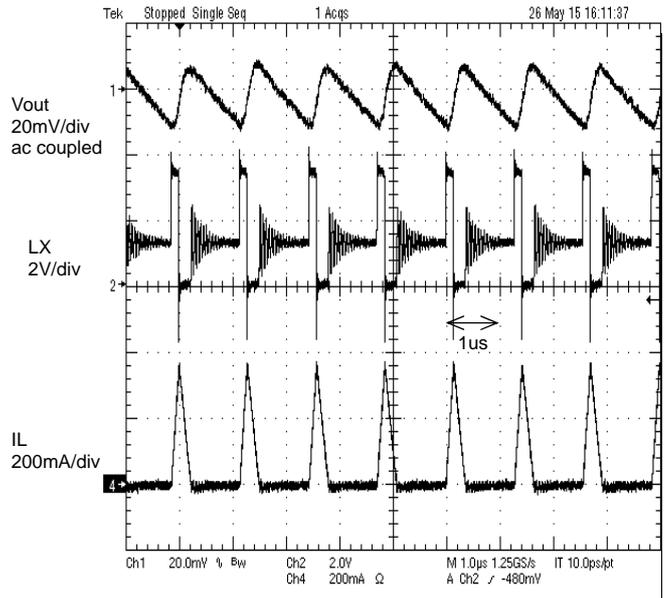


Figure 66. PFM mode Operation  
Iout=50mA

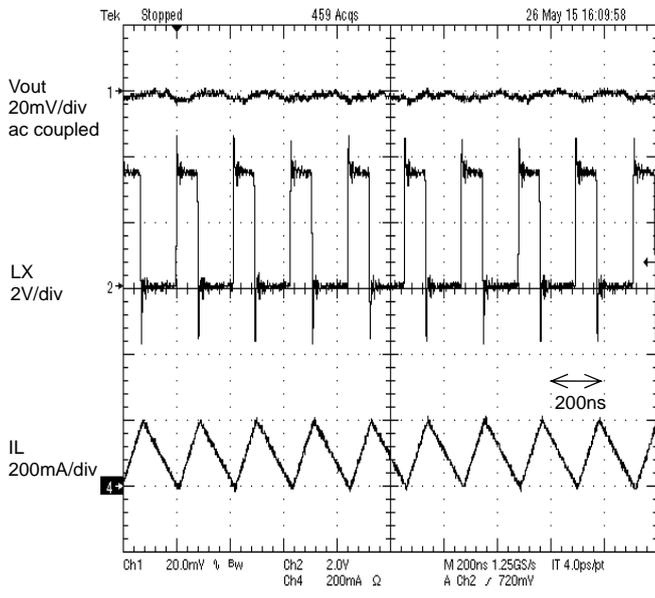


Figure 67. PWM mode Operation Iout=100mA

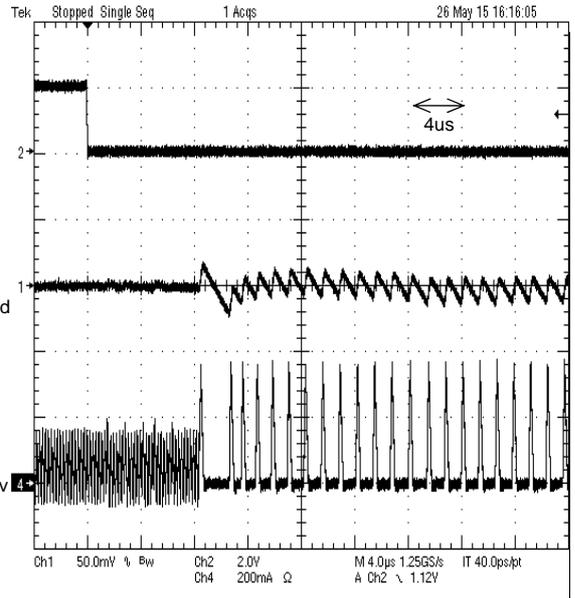


Figure 68. Mode Change Response  
MODE : High to Low

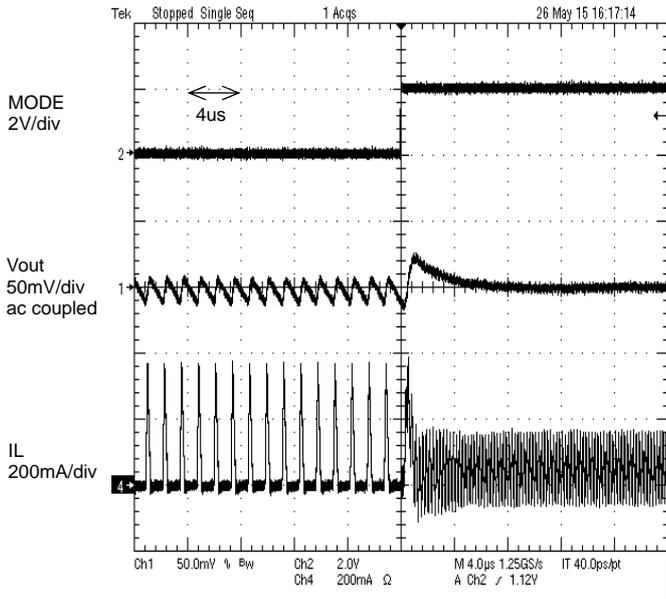


Figure 69. Mode Change Response  
MODE : Low to High

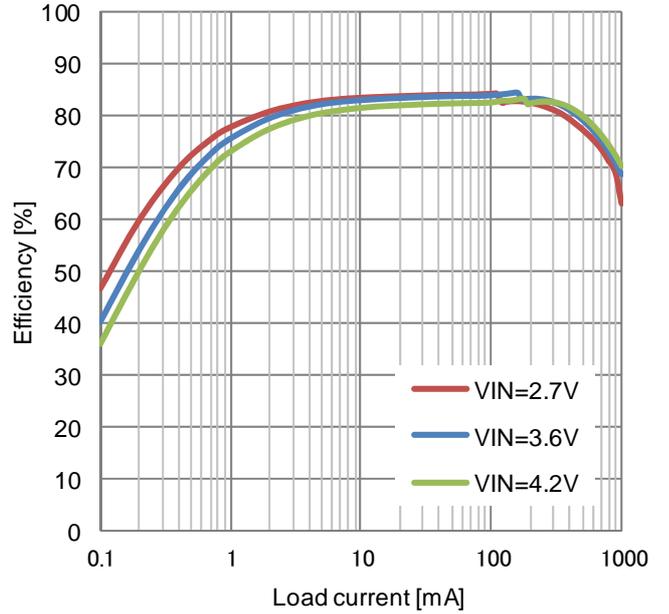


Figure 70. Efficiency vs Load current  
PWM/PFM Auto mode

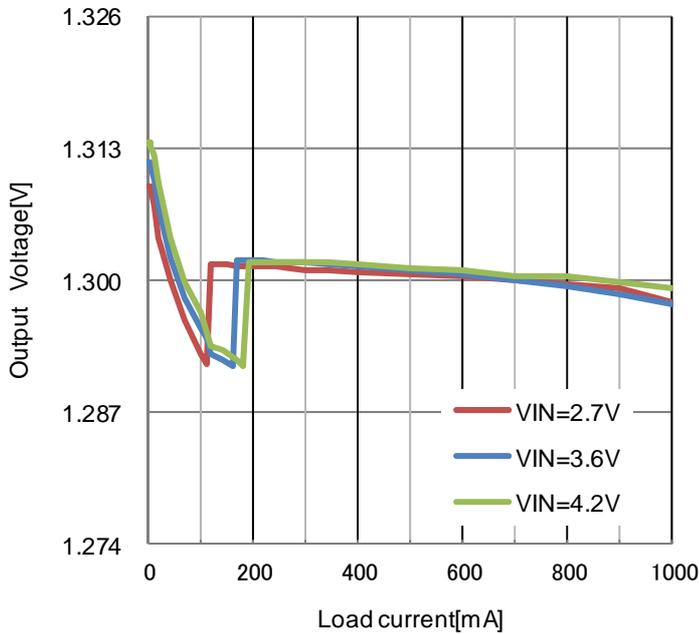


Figure 71. Load regulation  
PWM/PFM Auto mode

●PC Board layout

The suggested PCB layout for the BU9000xGWZ are shown in Figure. The following guidelines should be used to ensure a proper layout.

- 1) The input capacitor CIN should be connect as closely possible to VIN pin and GND pin.
- 2) From the output voltage to the FB pin line should be as separate as possible.
- 3) COUT and L should be connected as closely as possible. The connection of L to the LX pin should be as short as possible.

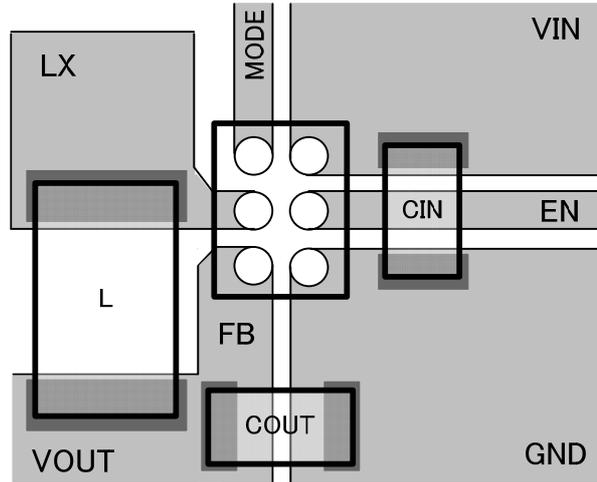


Figure 72. PCB layout

●External parts selection

Inductor selection

The inductance significantly depends on output ripple current. As shown by following equation, the ripple current decreases as the inductor and/or switching frequency increase.

$$\Delta I_L = \frac{(VIN - VOUT) \times VOUT}{L \times VIN \times f}$$

f: switching frequency    L: inductance     $\Delta I_L$ : inductor current ripple

As a minimum requirement, the DC current rating of the inductor should be equal to the maximum load current plus half of the inductor current ripple as shown by the following equation.

$$I_{LPEAK} = I_{OUTMAX} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

## 1 ) Recommended inductor selection

- $I_{out} \leq 1A$ 
  - LQM2MPN1R0NG0 (2.0mm×1.6mm×1.0mm Murata)
  - MIPSZ2016D1R0FH (2.0mm×1.6mm×1.0mm FDK)
  - DFE252012C1R0 (2.5mm×2.0mm×1.2mm TOKO)
- $I_{out} \leq 0.6A$ 
  - LQM21PN1R0NGC (2.0mm×1.2mm×1.0mm Murata)
  - MIPSZ2012D1R0 (2.0mm×1.2mm×1.0mm FDK)
  - MIPSTZ1608D1R0 (1.6mm × 0.8mm × 0.8mm FDK)
  - MLP2012H1R0M (2.0mm×1.2mm×1.0mm TDK)
  - CKP2012N1R0N (2.0mm×1.2mm×1.0mm Taiyo Yuden)

## 2 ) Recommended input capacitor(CIN) selection

- GRM155R60J225M(1.0mm × 0.5mm × 0.5mm Murata)
- GRM155R60J475M(1.0mm × 0.5mm × 0.5mm Murata)
- GRM155R60G106M(1.0mm × 0.5mm × 0.5mm Murata)

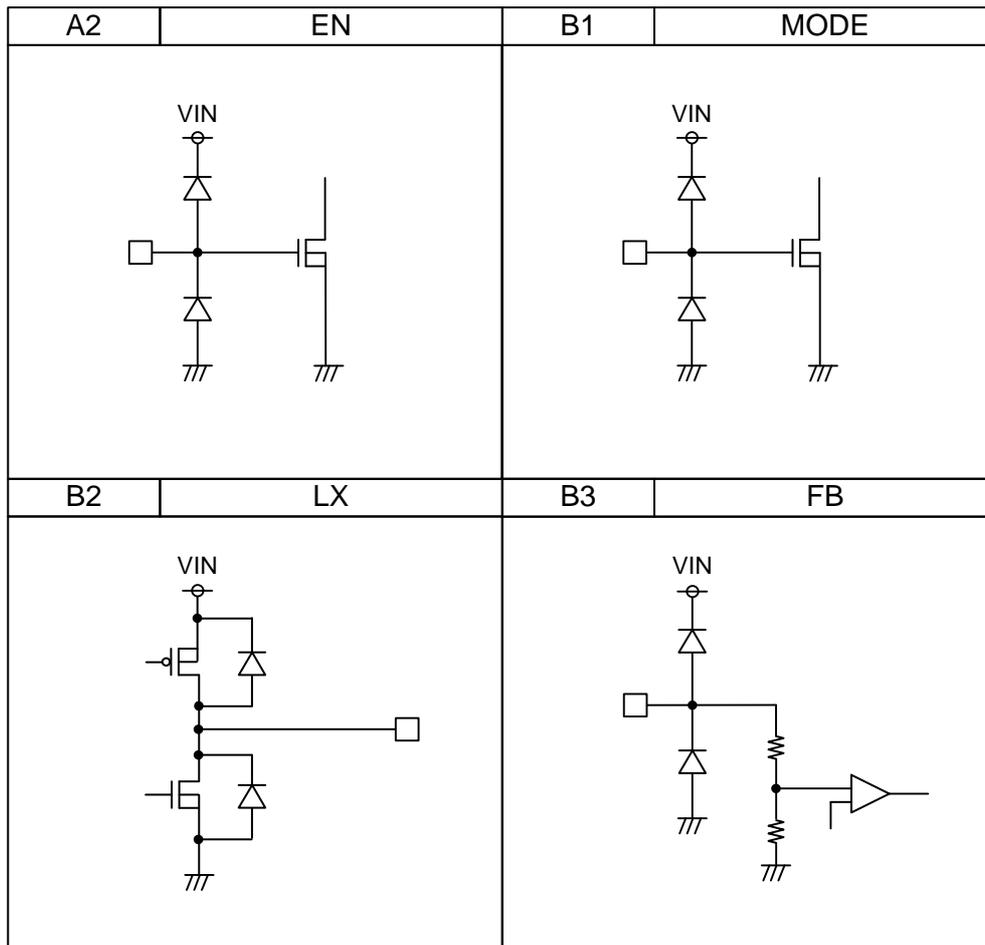
## 3 ) Recommended output capacitor(COUT) selection

- GRM155R60J475M(1.0mm × 0.5mm × 0.5mm Murata)
- GRM155R60G106M(1.0mm × 0.5mm × 0.5mm Murata)

## ○Cautions on the output capacitor selection

The BU9000xGWZ is designed to fixed soft-start time and operate with a maximum output capacitance of 10uF. If the capacitance connected to the output is larger than 10uF, an overshoot of the output voltage will be caused. It is possible to cause damage on the connected device.

● I/O equivalence circuit(s)



**● Caution of use**

## 1) Absolute maximum ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum rating, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down the devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode, such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any over rated values will expect to exceed the absolute maximum ratings, consider adding circuit protection devices, such as fuses.

## 2) GND voltage

The potential of GND pin must be minimum potential in all condition. As an exception, the circuit design allows voltages up to -0.3 V to be applied to the IC pin.

## 3) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions.

## 4) Inter-pin shorts and mounting errors

Use caution when positioning the IC for mounting on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if there is any connection error or if pins are shorted together.

## 5) Actions in strong electromagnetic field

Use caution when using the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field as doing so may cause the IC to malfunction.

## 6) Mutual impedance

Power supply and ground wiring should reflect consideration of the need to lower mutual impedance and minimize ripple as much as possible (by making wiring as short and thick as possible or rejecting ripple by incorporating inductance and capacitance).

## 7) Thermal shutdown Circuit (TSD Circuit)

This model IC has a built-in TSD circuit. This circuit is only to cut off the IC from thermal runaway, and has not been design to protect or guarantee the IC. Therefore, the user should not plan to activate this circuit with continued operation in mind.

## 8) Regarding input pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated.

P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of these P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example, as shown in the figures below, the relation between each potential is as follows:

When  $GND > Pin A$  and  $GND > Pin B$ , the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

When  $GND > Pin B$ , the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes can occur inevitable in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Accordingly, methods by which parasitic diodes operate, such as applying a voltage that is lower than the GND (P substrate) voltage to an input pin, should not be used.

## 9) Disturbance light

In a device where a portion of silicon is exposed to light such as in a WL-CSP, IC characteristics may be affected due to photoelectric effect. For this reason, it is recommended to come up with countermeasures that will prevent the chip from being exposed to light.

## Status of this document

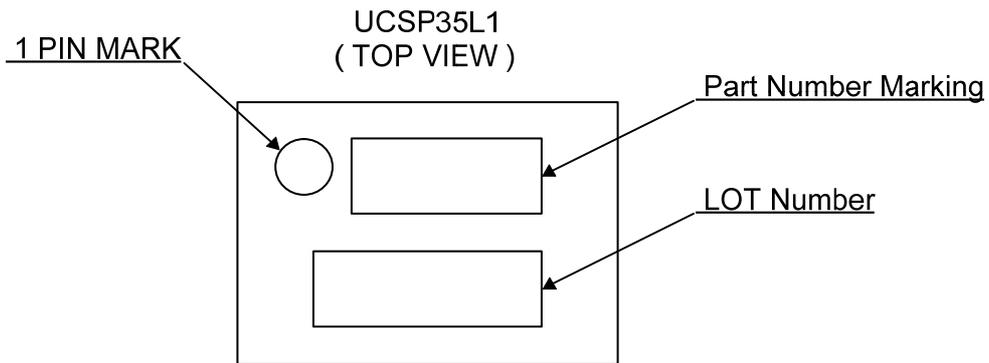
The Japanese version of this document is formal specification. A customer may use this translation version only for a reference to help reading the formal version.

If there are any differences in translation version of this document formal version takes priority

●Ordering Information



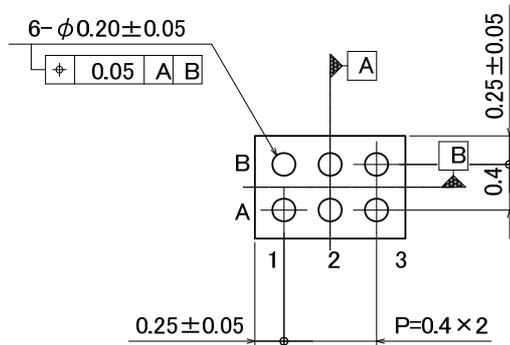
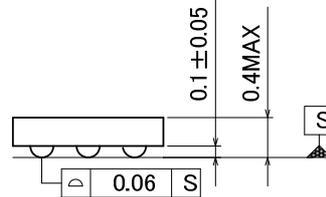
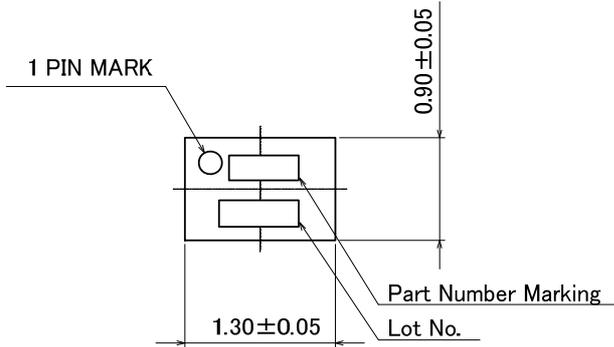
●Marking Diagram(s)(TOP VIEW)



| Series     | Part Number Marking |
|------------|---------------------|
| BU90002GWZ | AB4                 |
| BU90003GWZ | AB6                 |
| BU90004GWZ | AB7                 |
| BU90005GWZ | AB8                 |
| BU90006GWZ | AB9                 |
| BU90007GWZ | ACM                 |
| BU90008GWZ | ADW                 |
| BU90009GWZ | ADV                 |

● Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information

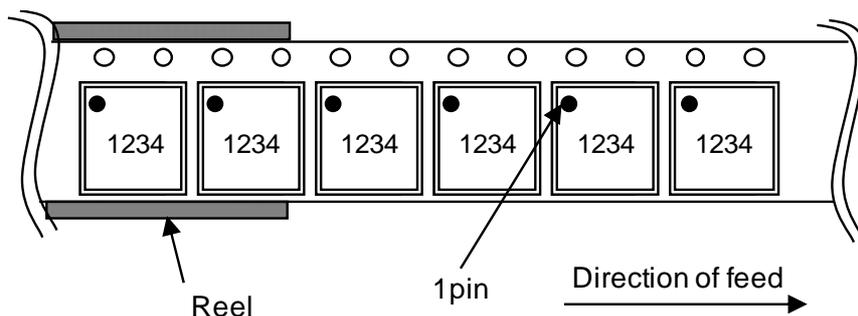
|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| Package Name | UCSP35L1 |
|--------------|----------|



(Unit: mm)

< Tape and Reel Information >

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Tape              | Embossed carrier tape  |
| Quantity          | 3,000pcs   |
| Direction of feed | E2<br>The direction is the pin 1 of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand |



## ● Revision History

| Date        | Revision | Changes   |
|-------------|----------|---|
| 04.Jul.2012 | 001      | New Release   |
| 16.Oct.2013 | 002      | Page18<br>1 ) Recommended inductor selection<br>MIPSZ2016D1R0FH, MIPSZ2012D1R0 added.   |
| 28.Oct.2013 | 003      | Page4<br>Electrical Characteristic(s)<br>Operating quiescent current<br>IQ1(BU90003GWZ PWM operation), IQ2(BU90004GWZ PWM operation) added.                                   |
| 29.May.2014 | 004      | Page19<br>I/O equivalence circuit added.<br>Page20⇒Page22<br>Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information  |
| 8.Dec.2014  | 005      | Page20<br>Caution of use<br>9) Disturbance light added.   |
| 15.May.2015 | 006      | BU90008GWZ added.<br><br>Page 2<br>Figure 3. Block Diagram(s)<br>Range of the output capacitor capacity added.<br>Page21<br>Cautions on the output capacitor selection added. |
| 7.Jul.2015  | 007      | BU90009GWZ added.<br><br>Page 4<br>Output discharge resistance<br>Correction of errors  |

# Notice

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(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

| JAPAN     | USA       | EU         | CHINA     |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| CLASS III | CLASS III | CLASS II b | CLASS III |
| CLASS IV  |           | CLASS III  |           |

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  - Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
  - Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>
  - Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
  - Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
  - Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
  - Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
  - Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

## Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

### Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

### Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of Ionizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

### Precaution for Storage / Transportation

1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
  - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>
  - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
  - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
  - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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